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PRISON LAW OFFICE NOV - 6 1995 DONALD SPECTER (#83925) EVE SHAPIRO (#164709) RICHARD W VIEKING General Delivery CLIK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT San Francisco, CA 94104

San Quentin, CA 94964 DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Telephone: (415) 433-6830

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JOHN ARMSTRONG, JAMES AMAURIC, RICHARD PONCIANO, JACK SWENSEN, BILLY BECK, JUDY FENDT, WALTER FRATUS, GREGORY SANDOVAL, DARLENE MADISON, PETER RICHARDSON, STEVEN HILL, and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

Defendants.

V.

PETE WILSON, Governor of the State of California, JOSEPH SANDOVAL, Secretary of Youth and Corrections Agency, JAMES GOMEZ, Director of the Department of Corrections, KYLE S. MCKINSEY, Deputy Director for Health Care Services, KEVIN CARRUTH, Deputy of the Planning and Construction Division, DAVID TRISTAN, Deputy Director of the Institutions Division, MARISELA MONTES, Deputy Director of the Parole and Community Services Division, JAMES NIELSEN, Chairman of the Board of Prison Terms,

No. C-94-2307 CW

AMENDED COMPLAINT CLASS ACTION

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A. NATURE OF ACTION

- This is a civil rights action, brought on behalf of state prisoners and parolees with certain disabilities, for declaratory and injunctive relief. State officials have discriminated against plaintiffs and the class they represent by reason of their disability. Defendants have constructed, renovated, purchased or leased facilities, including approximately twenty prisons, that are not accessible to prisoners or parolees with mobility impairments. Defendants do not have adequate policies or practices that enable them to identify, assess or reasonably accommodate individuals with disabilities so that these individuals can participate in the programs and activities that they are otherwise qualified for. Defendants have failed to provide class members with visual, hearing and other impairments with auxiliary aids and services to ensure effective communication so that they can participate in programs and activities, including emergency services.
- 2. Plaintiffs and the class they represent bring this action under 42 U.S.C. sections 12101 et seq. and 29 U.S.C. section 794 against California officials who have responsibility for, and complete control over, the programs and activities provided to plaintiffs, and who have responsibility for, and complete control over, the construction of prison facilities since 1968. Defendants have repeatedly and persistently denied the plaintiff class the equal access to programs and activities run by defendants thereby subjecting them to unlawful discrimination. Defendants have been and are engaging in a policy and practice of violating federal requirements in the

design and construction of its new, renovated and/or remodeled facilities in California. Defendants' conduct constitutes an ongoing and continuous violation of federal law, and unless restrained from doing so, defendants will continue to violate federal law. Therefore, plaintiffs seek declaratory and injunctive relief to remedy the illegal conditions to which they and the class of others similarly situated are subjected.

B. PARTIES

(1) Plaintiffs

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Plaintiffs and the class they represent are individuals, under the custody and control of the California Department of Corrections, who have disabilities, including but not limited to, mobility, sight, hearing, learning and kidney impairments, that substantially limit one or more of their major life activities. They have been denied access to the programs, services and activities run by defendants and are confined in or use facilities operated by and under the control of the California Department of Corrections, including but not limited to, San Quentin State Prison, Pelican Bay State Prison, Central California's Women's Facility, Avenal State Prison, California Medical Facility, California State Prison at Solano, California Men's Colony, Corcoran State Prison, Wasco State Prison, all of the reception centers, and parole offices. All plaintiffs are "individuals with disabilities" as that term is defined in Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 [hereinafter referred to as "Section 504"], 29 U.S.C. section 706(8), and the Americans With Disabilities Act [hereinafter referred to as the "ADA"], 42 U.S.C. section 12102(2).

- 4. Plaintiff John Armstrong, E-46263, is currently housed at California Medical Facility at Vacaville. Mr. Armstrong has a visual impairment.
- 5. Plaintiff James Amauric, J-12387, was housed in the reception center at San Quentin State Prison, and is now housed at the California Institution for Men. Mr. Amauric uses a wheelchair because his legs are paralyzed.
- 6. Plaintiff Richard Ponciano, J-11227, is currently housed at California Medical Facility at Vacaville. Mr. Ponciano uses a wheelchair because his legs are paralyzed.
- 7. Plaintiff Jack Swensen, H-52899, was housed at Avenal State Prison in the "Well-Handicapped Program," and is currently on parole. Mr. Swensen uses a leg prosthesis because his right leg has been amputated.
- 8. Plaintiff Billy Beck, H-55030, was housed at Avenal State Prison in the "Well-Handicapped Program" before he paroled on May 9, 1994. Mr. Beck has a hearing impairment that defendants did not reasonably accommodate, inter alia, during the parole revocation process.
- 9. Plaintiff Judy Fendt, W-25026, is currently housed at Central California Women's Facility. Ms. Fendt uses a wheelchair and/or a leg prosthesis because her right leg has been amputated.
- 10. Plaintiff Walter Fratus, H-41663, is currently housed at Corcoran State Prison. Mr. Fratus uses a wheelchair because his legs are paralyzed. Mr. Fratus also has partial paralysis of his arms.

- 11. Plaintiff Gregory Sandoval, D-86282, is currently housed at California State Prison at Solano. Mr. Sandoval has a hearing impairment.
- 12. Plaintiff Darlene Madison, W-46939, was housed at Central California Women's Facility, and is currently on parole. Ms. Madison uses a wheelchair because she has partial paralysis of her left side.
- 13. Plaintiff Peter Richardson, B-77974, is currently housed at California State Prison at Solano. Mr. Richardson has a learning disability that defendants did not reasonably accommodate, inter alia, during his parole suitability hearings.
- 14. Plaintiff Steven Hill, J-09830, was housed in the reception center at San Quentin State Prison, and is currently on parole. Mr. Hill has chronic renal failure requiring regular kidney dialysis.

2) Defendants

and the Chief Executive of the state government. He is sued herein in his official capacity. As Governor he is obligated under state law to supervise the official conduct of all executive and ministerial officers and to see that all offices are filled and their duties lawfully performed. Defendant Wilson has control over the monies allocated to California Department of Corrections by submitting a budget and by exercising his authority to veto or sign legislation appropriating funds for prison construction and renovation and prison and parole programs. Defendant Wilson has the authority to appoint and remove the subordinate defendants named herein. Defendant Wilson

retains the ultimate state authority over the care and treatment of the plaintiff class, and is responsible for ensuring that all programs, activities and services operated by and under the control of the California Department of Corrections comply with Section 504 and the ADA.

- 16. Defendant Joseph Sandoval is Secretary of the Youth and Corrections Agency of the State of California and is sued herein in this capacity. The Youth and Corrections Agency supervises the operation of the California Department of Corrections.
- 17. Defendant James Gomez is the Director of the California Department of Corrections and is sued herein in that capacity. The Department of Corrections is responsible for the operation of the California state prison and parole system, including the construction of prison facilities and the provision of accessible programs and activities to individuals with disabilities.
- 18. Defendant Kyle S. McKinsey is the Deputy Director for Health Care Services for the California Department of Corrections and is sued in that capacity. As Deputy Director, Mr. McKinsey is responsible for supervising the development and implementation of a system of individual assessment of a prisoner's disability, including his or her ability to perform daily living tasks and job responsibilities. Mr. McKinsey was the Deputy Director of the Planning and Construction Division for the California Department of Corrections from 1984 to 1992. As Deputy Director, Mr. McKinsey was responsible for the construction of approximately fifteen new institutions, five major renovations to

existing facilities and about twenty to twenty-five conservation camps throughout the state of California.

- 19. Defendant Kevin Carruth is Deputy Director of the Planning and Construction Division for the California Department of Corrections and is sued in that capacity. As Deputy Director, Mr. Carruth is responsible for supervising the planning and construction of new prisons and for renovations of existing prisons. Mr. Carruth failed to perform his responsibilities under Section 504 and the ADA.
- 20. Defendant David Tristan is Deputy Director of the Institutions Division for the California Department of Corrections and is sued in that capacity. As Deputy Director, Mr. Tristan is responsible for ensuring that all programs, activities and services operated by and under the control of the California Department of Corrections comply with Section 504 and the ADA.
- 21. Defendant Marisela Montes is Deputy Director of the Parole and Community Services Division for the California Department of Corrections and is sued in that capacity. As Deputy Director, Ms. Montes is responsible for ensuring that all programs, activities and services operated by and under the control of the California Department of Corrections for parolees comply with Section 504 and the ADA.
- of Prison Terms (Board) and is sued in that capacity. As Chairman, Mr. Nielson is responsible for the operations of the Board and must ensure that all programs, activities and services operated by the Board comply with Section 504 and the ADA.

C. JURISDICTION

23. This case is brought pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. section 12101 et seq. and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 section 504, 29 U.S.C. section 794. This court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. sections 1331 and 1343. Plaintiffs seek declaratory and injunctive relief under 28 U.S.C. sections 1343, 2201 and 2202, 29 U.S.C. section 794(a) and 42 U.S.C. section 12117(a).

D. VENUE

24. Venue is appropriate in this Court under 28 U.S.C. section 1391(b), because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to plaintiffs' claims occurred within the Northern District of California.

E. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 25. Plaintiffs bring this action on their own behalf and, pursuant to Rule 23(b)(1) and Rule 23(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of all prisoners and parolees with mobility, sight, hearing, learning and kidney disabilities, as defined in 29 U.S.C. section 706(8)(A) and 42 U.S.C. section 12102, who are now, or will in the future be, under the custody of the California Department of Corrections, except those prisoners with mobility-impairments that are housed at the California Medical Facility at Vacaville.
- (a) The exact size of the class is unknown to the plaintiffs but they believe there are hundreds of class members and the size of the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable;

- (b) The conditions, practices and omissions that form the basis of this complaint are common to all members of the class and the relief sought will apply to all of them.
- (c) The claims of the plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the entire class.
- (d) The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the class would create a risk of inconsistent and varying adjudications which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the defendants.
- (e) The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the class would create a risk of adjudications with respect to individual members which would, as a practical matter, substantially impair the ability of other members to protect their interests.
- (f) Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class, making appropriate injunctive and declaratory relief with respect to the class as a whole, or to particular subclasses.
- (g) There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the class including defendants' violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, because of denial of the benefit of and discrimination in access to programs and activities for individuals with disabilities.
- (h) The named plaintiffs are capable, through counsel, of fairly and adequately representing the class and protecting its interests because they are individuals with disabilities who suffer from, among other things, defendants'

violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as set forth in plaintiffs' statement of Class Claims.

F. STATEMENT OF CLASS CLAIMS

- 26. The California Department of Corrections receives federal financial assistance as that term is used in 29 U.S.C. section 794(b)(1)(A).
- 27. The California Department of Corrections has spent billions of public dollars since the 1960's building new prisons and renovating its existing facilities. Defendants built and renovated almost every existing prison since state accessibility laws were passed in the 1960's and since federal accessibility laws were passed in the 1970's. The Planning and Construction Division of the California Department of Corrections is responsible for the planning and construction of these institutions.
- 28. Both Section 504 and the ADA require that all new building and any renovation or remodeling comply with federal accessibility standards. 29 U.S.C. section 794(a); 42 U.S.C. sections 12132, 12133 and 12134(b); 28 C.F.R. sections 35.149, 35.151, 41.57(B) and 41.58(a). Defendants built and renovated prisons that fail to comply with these standards found in the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards [hereinafter referred to as "UFAS"]. 41 C.F.R. Pt.101-19.6. As a result of their failure to comply with federal law, defendants have expended billions of dollars to build facilities that must be renovated in order to meet federal accessibility standards. 28 C.F.R. section 35.151

(a)-(c). This waste of public monies was both unnecessary and unconscionable.

- 29. As a result of defendants' unlawful failure to comply with federal accessibility standards, plaintiffs have been delayed in their transfer to institutions that can accommodate their disabilities and have been excluded from the educational, vocational, work furlough and work credit, recreational, visiting, classification, disciplinary and emergency programs and services that defendants offer to individuals under their custody and control.
- 30. Despite the clear mandate of Section 504 and the ADA, defendants have failed to adequately evaluate the Department's and the Board's current services, policies and practices to determine the extent to which modification of its services, policies and practices is required, and have failed to develop policies and practices for implementing such modifications. 29 U.S.C. section 794(a); 42 U.S.C. section 12134(b); 28 C.F.R. sections 35.105, 35.150(d), 41.5(b)(2), 41.57(c) and 42.505(c).
- 31. For those individuals with disabilities who have self-identified, defendants have failed to make individualized assessments of their ability to participate in work, educational, vocational, and recreational programs and services offered by defendants, and, as a result, have excluded individuals who were otherwise qualified to participate in these programs by reason of their disabilities and not their abilities in violation of federal law. 29 U.S.C. section 794(a); 42 U.S.C. sections 12112(b) and 12132; 28 C.F.R. sections 35.130 (a)-(b)(8) and 41.51.

32. Defendants have failed to make reasonable accommodations to individuals with disabilities in the programs, activities, services, benefits, and jobs they offer to individuals under their custody and control. 29 U.S.C. section 794(a); 42 U.S.C. sections 12111(9) and 12132; 28 C.F.R. sections 35.150(b)(7) and 41.53.

- 33. Defendants continue to engage in a policy and practice of violating federal accessibility requirements in the design and construction of its current projects, including new and renovated prison facilities in California. Defendants continue to engage in a policy and practice of failing to develop adequate policies and practices for providing the plaintiff class with reasonable access to programs, activities and services available generally to other individuals under their custody and control. Defendants' conduct constitutes an ongoing and continuous violation of Section 504 and the ADA and, unless restrained from doing so, defendants will continue to violate the law.
- 34. Defendants have failed to furnish appropriate auxiliary aids and services where necessary to afford plaintiffs and members of the plaintiff class the opportunity to participate in the programs, activities, services, benefits, and jobs they offer to individuals under their custody and control. 29 U.S.C. section 794(a); 42 U.S.C. sections 12132 and 12134(b); 28 C.F.R. sections 35.160-35.163. In addition to being denied access to many of defendants' programs, plaintiffs and members of the plaintiff class have been endangered during emergencies in the prison as a result of defendants' failure to take appropriate

steps to ensure that communications with them are as effective as communications with other prisoners. $\underline{\text{Id}}$.

- 35. By denying plaintiffs and the plaintiff class with meaningful access to programs and facilities that they are otherwise qualified to participate in, and by denying plaintiffs and the plaintiff class the benefits of participation in programs and activities that they are otherwise qualified to participate in, and by failing to reasonably accommodate plaintiffs and the plaintiff class, thereby subjecting them to discrimination, defendants have violated Section 504 and the ADA.
- 36. By repeatedly and persistently denying plaintiffs and the plaintiff class with facilities that comply with federal accessibility standards, defendants have violated Section 504 and the ADA.

G. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs pray that this Court:

- A. Declare the suit is maintainable as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(1) and 23(b)(2);
- B. Adjudge and declare that the conditions, practices, and omissions described above are in violation of the rights of the plaintiffs and the class they represent under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1991.
- C. Preliminarily and permanently enjoin defendants, their agents, employees and all persons acting in concert with them, from subjecting plaintiffs and the class they represent to the illegal conditions, practices and omissions described above;

Order defendants to end their practices of

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY MAIL

Case Name: Armstrong v. Wilson

No. C-94-2307 CW

I am employed in the County of Marin, California. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within entitled cause: my business address is Prison Law Office, General Delivery, San Quentin, California 94964.

On November 3, 1995, I served the attached

AMENDED COMPLAINT CLASS ACTION

in said cause, placing, or causing to be placed, a true copy thereof, enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid in the United States Mail at San Rafael, California, addressed as follows:

James Humes
Deputy Attorney General
50 Fremont Street
San Francisco, CA 94105-2239

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed at San Rafael, California on November 3, 1995.

Bonnie Cash