PLAINTIFFS' RENEWED APPLIC

## **NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT:**

Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(a), Plaintiffs Joseph Kishore and Norissa Santa Cruz ("Plaintiffs") will and hereby do apply and move for a temporary restraining order and/or preliminary injunction against Defendants Gavin Newsom and Alex Padilla (collectively, "Defendants").

Plaintiffs are the Socialist Equality Party's ("SEP") candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. This case is a challenge to California's ballot access requirements for independent candidates for president and vice president, which compel the candidates to gather and submit nearly 200,000 physical signatures between April 24, 2020 and August 7, 2020, on the grounds that these requirements are effectively impossible for the Plaintiffs to fulfill during the ongoing global coronavirus pandemic.

This motion was made and denied without prejudice on June 30, 2020. *See* Doc. No. 9. While service of the previous motion was accomplished upon an individual who agreed to accept service for Defendants, the Court indicated that "it does not appear that he is authorized to do so." Doc. No. 9, \*1 (citing Cal. Gov't Code § 955.4(a)). Denying the motion without prejudice, the Court indicated that: "Plaintiffs have sued California state officials in their official capacity, which is tantamount to suing the state itself. . . . California requires that, in such cases, '[s]ervice of summons . . . shall be made on the Attorney General.' Cal. Gov't Code § 955.4(a)." *See id*.

Accordingly, Plaintiffs hereby give notice and renew their application that this Court:

A. Enter a temporary restraining order and a preliminary and permanent injunction barring Defendants from enforcing the aforesaid ballot restrictions and requirements, as well as any substitute requirements Defendants may subsequently adopt or promote that unlawfully restrict Plaintiffs' constitutional rights;

- B. Enter a temporary restraining order and a preliminary and permanent injunction prohibiting Defendants from printing the November election ballot if it does not include the names of Plaintiffs as candidates for U.S. President and Vice President; or in the alternative, requiring Defendants to extend the filing deadline, decrease the signature requirements to a nominal number, and allow for online signature gathering; and
- C. Award such other temporary and permanent relief as the Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

This motion is based on the complaint on file in this action; this application; the accompanying memorandum of points and authorities; the attached declarations of Joseph Kishore, Norissa Santa Cruz, Nora Kimie Kuzay, Sebastian Ayala, Elizabeth Castillo, Amy Ellevold, and Richard Winger, together with the accompanying exhibits; any further briefing and oral arguments of counsel; and such other and further matters as may be presented to the Court at the time of any hearing. Apart from this notice and renewed application, the memorandum and supporting materials remain the same as in the June 30, 2020 filing (Doc. No. 4).

The grounds for the relief requested in this application are that:

- 1. The state's purported deadline to submit the required signatures is rapidly approaching, but it has been and continues to be utterly impractical, if not impossible, for Plaintiffs to gather the number of signatures California requires due to the pandemic and the state's countermeasures in response to it.
- 2. Absent the issuance of a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction, Kishore and Santa Cruz will suffer irreparable injury to their constitutional rights, both as candidates and in Santa Cruz's case as a California voter.
- 3. The balance of equities decidedly tips in favor of Kishore and Santa Cruz, because Defendants' ballot access requirements serve no interest that would be worth risking human life. Meanwhile, no reasonably diligent candidate would

4. The inclusion of Kishore and Santa Cruz's names on the ballot will serve the public interest by (a) ensuring that the upcoming elections at a time of national crisis are free and fair, providing diverse political viewpoints to voters, and allowing for the growing number of socialist-minded voters to cast meaningful votes and to support candidates that share their deeply-held political convictions; as well as (b) safeguarding the health and lives of persons who would otherwise circulate petitions for signatures to place Plaintiffs on the ballot and those members of the public who would otherwise be approached for such signatures.

In denying Plaintiffs' previous application for this relief without prejudice, the Court also indicated: "Along with their renewed TRO Application, Plaintiffs must submit proof of proper service and a declaration that they have informed Defendants of the Court's requirement that parties opposing ex parte applications must respond within 24 hours of receiving proper service. . . . Unless otherwise ordered, Defendants must then file their Opposition within one court day of receiving proper service." Id. Accordingly, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Defendants' response to this application is due within one court day of receiving proper service.

In the event the Court denies the request for a temporary restraining order Plaintiffs request that the request for a preliminary injunction be heard on shortened notice as provided by Local Rule 65-1 ("If the TRO is denied, the Court may set the hearing on the order to show cause without regard to the twenty-eight (28) days notice of motion requirement of L.R. 6-1.")

LAW OFFICE OF THOMAS C. SEABAUGH Dated: July 1, 2020 DONALD G. NORRIS, A LAW CORPORATION

> s/ Thomas C. Seabaugh Thomas C. Seabaugh Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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