

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO

JOHNNIE K. and PATRICK M, minors, by and through their Next Friend, MARIA E. RODRIGUEZ, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

THE COUNTY OF CURRY, NEW MEXICO; MICHAEL C. GATTIS, ANITA C. MERRILL, and CHARLES B. STOCKTON, County Commissioners of the County of Curry, New Mexico, individually and in their official capacities; WESLEY MYERS, Sheriff of the County of Curry, New Mexico, individually and in his official capacity; and REUBEN E. NIEVES and FRED T. HENSLEY, District Court Judges of the Ninth Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in their official capacities,

Civil Action No.: CIV81-0914-M

SECOND AMENDED CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE, DECLARATORY AND EQUITABLE RELIEF AND DAMAGES

(CLASS ACTION)

Defendants.

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- 1. This is a civil rights class action for declaratory, injunctive, and other equitable relief and damages, brought by juveniles confined in the Curry County Jail in Clovis, New Mexico, on behalf of themselves and all other juveniles similarly situated who are subjected by defendants to cruel, unconscionable and illegal conditions of confinement in said jail; illegal incarceration in said jail without adequate separation from confined adult offenders; unlawful secure detention in said jail of juveniles who are charged with or who have committed offenses which would not be criminal if committed by adults ("status offenses"); and denial of adequate and appropriate placements as alternative to said jail.
- 2. Plaintiffs bring this action under the federal Civil Rights Acts, 42 U.S.C. §§1983 and 1988, to redress the violations by defendants of plaintiffs' constitutional right to due process of law, right to freedom from cruel and unusual punishment, and right to rehabilitative treatment in the least restrictive setting and under the least restrictive conditions. Plaintiffs also bring this action under 42 U.S.C. §§1983 and 1988 to redress the violations by defendants, under color of state law, of plaintiffs' statutory rights under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §5601 et seq. [hereafter, "Juvenile Justice Act], as more particularly set forth hereinafter.
- 3. Plaintiffs also bring this action directly under the Juvenile Justice Act, as hereinafter set forth.
- 4. Plaintiffs also bring this action under Article II, Sections 4, 13, 17, 18 and 23 of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, Sections 32-1-6, 32-1-9, 32-1-25, 32-1-25.1 and 33-3-1 NMSA 1978, and Rules 24, 26, 28 and 29 of the New Mexico Rules of Procedure for the Children's Court.

JURISDICTION

5. This Court has jurisdiction of this action under 28 U.S.C. §1331(a), 28 U.S.C. §1343(3), 28 U.S.C. §1343(4), 28 U.S.C. §2201, 28 U.S.C. §2202, and Rules 57 and 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, this being an action for declaratory and injunctive relief and damages for violations of civil and constitutional rights and rights under the Juvenile Justice Act, 42 U.S.C. §§5601 et seq.

6. This Court has jurisdiction of plaintiffs' state law claims under the doctrine of pendent jurisdiction.

PLAINTIFFS

7. Plaintiff JOHNNIE K. is a juvenile, 14 years of age, and a citizen of the United States. At all times during the events described herein, said Plaintiff has resided in the County of Curry, New Mexico, with his mother. Plaintiff PATRICK K. is a juvenile, 13 years of age, and a citizen of the United States. At all times during the events described herein, said Plaintiff has resided in the County of Curry, New Mexico, with his mother.

DEFENDANTS

- 8. Defendant, THE COUNTY OF CURRY, NEW MEXICO, is a local unit of government in the State of New Mexico. The policies and practices of the defendants complained of herein represent customs and usages of defendant THE COUNTY OF CURRY, NEW MEXICO.
- 9. Defendants MICHAEL C. GATTIS, ANITA C. MERRILL, and CHARLES B. STOCKTON are the County Commissioners of the County of Curry, New Mexico. As such, said defendants exercise the powers of the County of Curry, New Mexico, under, inter alia, Sections 32-1-6, 32-2B-3, 33-6-1, and 33-3-4 NMSA 1978, as a body politic and corporate. Said defendants are sued individually and in their official capacities.

- 10. Defendant WESLEY MYERS is the sheriff of The County of Curry, New Mexico. In his capacity as Sheriff, defendant MYERS is responsible under, inter alia, Sections 33-3-1, 33-3-4, 33-3-5 and 33-3-6 NMSA 1978, for the safety and welfare of all persons confined in the Curry County Jail. Said defendant is sued individually and in his official capacity.
- District Court Judges of The County of Curry, New Mexico. In their capacities as District Court Judge, defendants NIEVES and HENSLEY sit as judges of the Children's Court and consequently are responsible under, inter alia, Sections 32-1-9, 32-1-26 and 32-1-34 NMSA 1978 and under Rules 24, 26, 28 and 29 of the New Mexico Rules of Procedure for the Children's Court, for the detention, custody, care, placement and release of all children brought before the Children's Court who are alleged to be delinquent, in need of supervision, abused, or neglected. Said defendants are sued in their official capacities.

CLASS ACTION

- 12. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23(a), (b)(l) and (b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The class consists of all juveniles who are currently, have been during the past four years, and in the future will be confined in the Curry County Jail.
- 13. The members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Upon information and belief, more than 200 juveniles were confined in the Curry County Jail in 1980. In addition, because all plaintiffs are subject to the same conditions of confinement and policies and practices of defendants, there are questions of law and fact common to the members of the plaintiff class, and the claims of the named

plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the members of the plaintiff class. Plaintiffs' counsel has substantial experience in this type of litigation, and the named plaintiffs and their counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the class.

- 14. The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the class which would as a practical matter be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the adjudications or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests.
- 15. By their policies and practices, the defendants have acted and continue to act on grounds and in a manner generally applicable to the class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the class a whole.
- 16. Because plaintiffs are incarcerated in the Curry County Jail for several days at a time, the injuries suffered by the named plaintiffs and the members of the plaintiff class as a result of the policies and practices of defendants complained of herein are capable of repetition, yet may evade review, thereby making class relief appropriate.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- I. CONDITIONS AT THE CURRY COUNTY JAIL
- 17. The Curry County Jail is a secure facility located on the fourth floor of the Curry County Courthouse, 700 Main Street, Clovis, New Mexico. The jail was built in 1934.
- 18. The jail is utilized by defendants to confine male and female juveniles. The facility also holds male and female adults. All inmates are housed on the fourth floor of the Curry

County Courthouse building. The jail has a total capacity of approximately thirty-six adult inmates and four juvenile inmates. The jail serves as the primary secure holding facility for juvenile offenders in The County of Curry, New Mexico.

- 19. All juveniles detained at the jail are housed in one of two non-adjoining cells on the fourth floor.
- 20. One cell is an undivided room generally used to house male juveniles. Approximately 8' by 12', it contains four metal bunk beds, a commode, a sink and a shower. There are barred windows which admit little natural light. The door to the cell is made of steel with a small window covered with metal mesh.
- 21. The other cell generally used to detain male or female juveniles is approximately 12' by 12'. The outer door to the cell is steel with a small window covered with metal mesh.
- 22. The cells and cellblocks of the Curry County Jail in which plaintiffs and members of the class are confined are unsanitary. The overall unsanitary conditions directly affect the health and morale of the plaintiffs causing severe physical and emotional injuries.
- 23. Defendants fail to maintain the cells in a sanitary condition and to provide plaintiffs with appropriate cleaning supplies and disinfectants. The lack of cleaning supplies makes it impossible to rectify the unsanitary conditions and to maintain the cells and cellblocks in a clean, sanitary state.
- 24. The plumbing in the Curry County Jail is inadequate. Sewers clog and back up, causing flooding problems in the jail, which contribute to the overall unsanitary conditions.
- 25. The ventilation in Curry County Jail is inadequate.

 Plaintiffs confined in the cells and cellblock do not have access to fresh air. The air in the cells and cellblock is often stale and musty and has a foul odor. Temperatures in the cells are frequently very hot or very cold. The poor ventilation

and temperature control contribute to the deterioration of the 2 inmates' health and morale. The lack of ventilation and other 3 conditions in the jail violate the regulations of the New Mexico Health and Environment Department.

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- 26. Defendants provide lighting in the cells and cellblocks which is dim and inadequate, and violates the Standards of the New Mexico Health and Environment Department. Since little or no outside light enters the cells, the inadequate lighting makes reading and writing by the plaintiffs difficult, if not impossible.
- 27. The jail is frequently overcrowded with adult and juvenile inmates.
- 28. The cells and cellblocks of the Curry County Jail are maintained in an unsafe condition. The jail is, structurally, in an advanced stage of deterioration, with substantial deterioration of the interior walls, ceiling, and floor. In addition, in several locations throughout the facility, exposed and/or make-shift electrical wiring creates a serious fire hazard.
- Policies and procedures at the Curry County Jail are inadequate to ensure the safety of plaintiffs in the event of a fire. When a fire does break out at said jail, inmates must shout and pound on the walls of the cells in order to notify the staff of the facility of the fire danger. The staff must thereupon individually unlock each and every cell in order to allow the inmates to safely exit the facility. On at least one prior occasion, the staff failed to unlock the cells of inmates during a fire. Instead, staff escaped from the facility, leaving inmates locked in the cells.
- 30. Defendants confine plaintiffs to their cellblocks during the entire period of their confinement. Defendants fail to provide plaintiffs with opportunities or facilities for

indoor or outdoor exercise or recreation. No library materials are provided and recreation materials defendants provide are inadequate.

- 31. Defendants fail to provide any medical or psychological screening or examination for plaintiffs when they are taken into custody. Defendants fail to provide regular medical or mental health services to plaintiffs.
- 32. Defendants fail to provide jail personnel who are trained in identifying and responding to problems of juveniles. Defendants employ three couples to serve as the inmate supervision staff of the facility. Each couple is on-duty 48 hours and off-duty 96 hours. Defendants' failure to provide adequate trained staff results in lack of attention to problems of plaintiffs during their confinement, lack of appropriate assessment of plaintiffs' physical and emotional needs, and lack of programs for plaintiffs' physical and emotional needs.
- 33. Defendants fail to provide plaintiffs with any educational program during plaintiffs' period of confinement.
- 34. Defendants confine and detain plaintiffs in the Curry County Jail where plaintiffs are not separated by sight and sound from adult inmates confined in the jail.
- 35. As a result of defendants' policies and practices complained of herein, plaintiffs' confinement in the Curry County Jail is cruel, harsh, punitive and oppressive.
- . 36. Plaintiff JOHNNIE K. was taken into custody on October 27, 1981 and charged with auto burglary. Plaintiff PATRICK M. was taken into custody on November 7, 1981 and charged with probation violation for failure to cooperate with school officials. Soon after they were taken into custody, the named plaintiffs were confined in the Curry County Jail, where they are currently being incarcerated. The named plaintiffs are currently being subjected to the circumstances and conditions

complained of herein.

II. CRUEL, UNCONSCIONABLE AND ILLEGAL CONDITIONS OF CONFINEMENT

- 37. Defendants regularly subject plaintiffs to the cruel, unconscionable and illegal conditions of confinement described above. Defendants have similarly confined and detained juveniles in Curry County Jail under such conditions in previous years, and defendants will continue to confine juveniles under such conditions in the future unless plaintiffs are granted the relief requested herein.
 - III. SECURE DETENTION OF STATUS OFFENDERS AND OTHER JUVENILES PRESENTING NO DANGER TO THEMSELVES OR OTHERS IN THE CURRY COUNTY JAIL.
- 38. Since 1974, the State of New Mexico has received funds totalling more than \$2,335,000. from the federal Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. Said funds have been granted to the State for implementation of the Juvenile Justice Act.
- 39. Section 223(12) of the Juvenile Justice Act, 42 U.S.C. §5633(12), provides that, in order to receive funding under the Act, a State must comply with the requirement that juveniles who are charged with status offenses and dependent or neglected children shall not be placed in secure juvenile detention or correctional facilities.
- 40. The defendants regularly confine and detain in the Curry County Jail juveniles who are charged with status offenses. Similar numbers of these children will be confined in the future unless plaintiffs are granted the relief requested herein.
- 41. During 1980, approximately 65% of juveniles confined in the Curry County Jail were classified as delinquent.

Approximately 35% of the children confined in the jail during 1980 were classified as "other", a category which includes children in need of supervision, runaways, loiterers, and children presenting no danger to themselves or others.

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42. The defendants regularly confine and detain in the Curry County Jail juveniles for whom detention or care is not required to prevent injury to the person or property of others or to the person of the child, there are parents, guardians, or custodians or other persons able to provide adequate supervision and care for the child, and there is no danger that the child will run away or be taken away so as to be unavailable for proceedings of the court or its officers. Many of the juveniles detained in the jail during 1980 were not properly detained under Rule 26 of the New Mexico Rules of Procedure for the Children's Court. Similar numbers of juveniles have been confined in the Curry County Jail in previous years, and similar numbers will be confined in the future unless plaintiffs are granted the relief requested herein.

- IV. DETENTION OF JUVENILES IN JAIL WITHOUT ADEQUATE SEPARATION FROM ADULT OFFENDERS.
- 43. Section 223(13) of the Juvenile Justice Act, 42 U.S.C. §5633(13), provides that, in order to receive funding under the Act, a State must comply with the requirement that juveniles shall not be detained or confined in any institution in which they have regular contact with adult inmates.
- 44. The defendants regularly confine and detain juveniles in the Curry County Jail, where such juveniles have regular contact with adult inmates. Similar numbers of juveniles have been confined and detained in the Curry County Jail in previous years, and similar numbers will be confined and detained in the future unless plaintiffs are granted the relief

requested herein.

45. The defendants regularly confine and detain juveniles in the Curry County Jail in violation of the requirements of Section 32-1-34G NMSA 1978. Juveniles have been similarly confined and detained in the Curry County Jail in previous years, and juveniles will be similarly confined and detained in the future unless plaintiffs are granted the relief requested herein.

- V. FAILURE AND REFUSAL TO PROVIDE AND UTILIZE APPROPRIATE COMMUNITY-BASED ALTERNATIVES TO PLACEMENT OF JUVENILES IN CURRY COUNTY JAIL.
- 46. Section 223(12) of the Juvenile Justice Act, 42
 U.S.C. §5633(12), requires States receiving funding under the
 Act to provide non-secure placements for status offenders and
 nonoffenders as alternatives to placement in jails and other
 secure facilities. Such non-secure placements must be the least
 restrictive alternative appropriate to the needs of the children
 and the community, must be in reasonable proximity to the
 children's families and the home communities, and must provide
 "community-based" services.
- 47. The defendants fail and refuse to provide and utilize an appropriate detention home or other community-based alternatives to placement of juveniles in the Curry County Jail. Juveniles in Curry County have been denied access to, and placement in, an appropriate detention home or other community-based alternatives in previous years, and juveniles in Curry County will be similarly denied such placements in the future unless plaintiffs are granted the relief requested herein.
 - VI. KNOWLEDGE AND INTENT OF DEFENDANTS
 - 48. Defendants MICHAEL C. GATTIS, ANITA C. MERRILL, AND

CHARLES B. STOCKTON, as the County Commissioners of the County of Curry, New Mexico, under, inter alia, Sections 32-1-6, 32-2B-3, 33-6-1, and 33-3-4, NMSA 1978, knew or should have known of the conditions and circumstances alleged herein and should have taken steps to correct said conditions and circumstances. Having failed to do so, said defendants are in violation of the federal laws and New Mexico statutory sections listed above. Said defendants' actions or omissions constitute actual approval, or gross negligence, deliberate indifference to, and tacit authorization of, the deprivation of plaintiffs' constitutional and statutory rights complained of herein.

- 49. Defendant WESLEY MYERS, as the sheriff of the County of Curry, New Mexico, under, inter alia, Sections 33-3-1, 33-3-4, 33-3-5 and 33-3-6 NMSA 1978, knew or should have known of the conditions and circumstances alleged herein and should have taken steps to correct said conditions and circumstances. Having failed to do so, said defendant is in violation of the federal laws and New Mexico statutory sections listed above. Said defendant's actions or omissions constitute actual approval, or gross negligence, deliberate indifference to, and tacit authorization of, the deprivation of plaintiffs' constitutional and statutory rights complained of herein.
- 50. Defendants REUBEN E. NIEVES and FRED T. HENSLEY, as the District Court Judges of The County of Curry, New Mexico, under, inter alia, Sections 32-1-9, 32-1-26 and 32-1-34 NMSA 1978 and under Rules 24, 26, 28 and 29 of the New Mexico Rules of Procedure for the Children's Court, knew or should have known of the conditions and circumstances alleged herein and should have taken steps to correct said conditions and circumstances. Having failed to do so, said defendants are in violation of the federal laws and New Mexico statutory sections listed above.

Said defendants' actions or omissions constitute actual approval, or gross negligence, deliberate indifference to, and tacit authorization of, the deprivation of plaintiffs' constitutional and statutory rights complained of herein.

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51. As a proximate result of the policies, practices, acts, and omissions of defendants complained of herein, plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer serious physical, psychological, and emotional injuries.

LEGAL CLAIMS

Defendants' policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein, and specifically defendants' subjection of plaintiffs to the cruel, unconscionable and illegal conditions of confinement in the Curry County Jail, defendants' secure confinement and detention in Curry County Jail of status offenders and other juveniles presenting no danger to themselves or others, defendants' detention and confinement of juveniles in Curry County Jail without adequate separation from adult offenders, and defendants' failure and refusal to provide and utilize a detention home or other appropriate community-based alternatives to placement of juveniles in Curry County Jail, subject plaintiffs to denial of due process of law, guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and the New Mexico Constitution; subject plaintiffs to cruel and unusual punishments, in violation of the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and the New Mexico constitution; violate plaintiffs' right to receive treatment in the least restrictive setting and under the least restrictive conditions, guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, and the New Mexico Constitution and New Mexico statutes; violate plaintiffs' rights under the Juvenile Justice Act, 42 U.S.C. \$\$5603(1), 5633(12) and 5633(13); violate plaintiffs' rights under 42 U.S.C. §1983; and violate plaintiffs' rights under the New Mexico statutory sections cited herein.

NO ADEQUATE REMEDY AT LAW

53. As a proximate result of the defendants' policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein, and the conditions and circumstances described herein to which plaintiffs are subjected, plaintiffs have suffered, do suffer, and will continue to suffer immediate and irreparable injury. Plaintiffs have no plain, adequate, or complete remedy at law to redress the wrongs described herein. Plaintiffs will continue to be irreparably injured by the policies, practices, acts and omissions of the defendants unless this Court grants the injunctive relief which plaintiffs seek.

ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS

54. This is a civil rights action and plaintiffs are entitled to attorneys' fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. §1988.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs pray that this Court:

- A. Assume jurisdiction of this action;
- B. Issue an order certifying this action to proceed as a class action pursuant to Rule 23(a), (b)(l) and (b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- C. Issue a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§2201 and 2202, and Rule 57 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, that the policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein:
- (1) violate plaintiffs' rights under the Juvenile Justice Act, 42 U.S.C. §5601 et seq.;
- (2) subject plaintiffs to denial of due process of law, guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and of the New Mexico Constitution;
- (3) subject plaintiffs to cruel and unusual punishment, in violation of the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and the New Mexico Constitution;
- (4) violate plaintiffs' right to receive treatment in the least restrictive setting and under the least restrictive conditions, guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, the New Mexico Constitution, and New Mexico statutes:
 - (5) violate plaintiffs' rights under 42 U.S.C. §1983;
- (6) violate plaintiffs' statutory rights under the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as indicated above.
- D. Issue preliminary and permanent injunctions sufficient to rectify the unconstitutional acts and omissions and statutory violations alleged herein, as follows:
- (1) Restraining and prohibiting all defendants from failing to provide plaintiffs with any of the following during

their period of confinement:

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(a) adequate equipment and personnel to maintain clean and sanitary living units;

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- (b) adequate cleaning supplies and disinfectants;
- (c) adequate equipment and personnel to provide and maintain sufficient ventilation, lighting, and plumbing in living units;
- (d) adequate living space in cells to avoid overcrowding;
- (e) a facility free from fire hazards, including exposed and/or make-shift electrical wiring;
- (f) adequate policies and procedures to ensure the safety of plaintiffs in the event of a fire;
- (g) regular opportunities for exercise and recreation;
- (h) medical and psychological screening when plaintiffs are taken into custody, and regular medical and mental health services during plaintiffs' periods of confinement;
- (i) a sufficient number of personnel trained in identifying and responding to problems of juveniles;
- (j) an educational program with competent and trained staff for juveniles of school age;
- (k) a sufficient number of trained recreational
 personnel to provide wholesome and profitable leisure-time
 activities;
- (2) Restraining and prohibiting all defendants from confining or detaining in the Curry County Jail or in any other secure facility any juvenile who is charged with or who has committed an offense which would not be criminal if committed by an adult, where such offense does not constitute a violation of

a valid court order.

- (3) Restraining and prohibiting all defendants from confining or detaining any juvenile in any detention facility unless probable cause exists to believe that if not detained, the child will commit injury to himself or be subject to injury by others; or the child has no parent, guardian, custodian or other person able to provide adequate supervision and care for him; or the child will run away or be taken away so as to be unavailable for proceedings of the court or its officers.
- (4) Restraining and prohibiting all defendants from confining and detaining any juvenile in the Curry County Jail unless the child is alleged or found to be delinquent and there is no detention center or other appropriate facility available.
- (5) Restraining and prohibiting all defendants from confining and detaining any juvenile in the Curry County Jail unless such juvenile is completely separated and removed from contact by sight or sound with adult inmates;
- (6) Restraining and prohibiting all defendants from failing to provide and utilize appropriate community-based alternatives to placement of juveniles in the Curry County Jail.
- F. Issue preliminary and permanent injunctions restraining and prohibiting all defendants from transferring any plaintiff to any other jail or any other facility where there exist conditions similar to those complained of herein.
- G. Order the defendants to develop and implement a comprehensive plan for the correction of the unlawful policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein, and to submit said plan to the court and to the attorneys for plaintiffs for review.
- H. Appoint a Special Master to review and insure implementation of the plan submitted by defendants and to protect the rights of plaintiffs during the pendency of this

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- I. Issue a judgment assessing general and special damages 3 against the defendants, THE COUNTY OF CURRY, NEW MEXICO: MICHAEL 4 C. GATTIS; ANITA C. MERRILL; CHARLES B. STOCKTON and WESLEY 5 MYERS for injuries suffered by the named plaintiffs as a 6 proximate result of the policies, practices, acts and omissions 7 complained of herein, in an amount to be established by the 8 proof.
- J. Issue a judgment on behalf of the named plaintiffs $10\,\|$ assessing punitive damages against the defendants, MICHAEL C. 11 GATTIS; ANITA C. MERRILL; CHARLES B. STOCKTON; and WESLEY MYERS 12 for the policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein, in the amount of \$100,000 against each of said defendants.
 - K. Retain jurisdiction over defendants and each of them until such time as the Court is satisfied that their unlawful policies, practices, acts and omissions complained of herein no longer exist and will not recur.

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L. Award plaintiffs the cost of this proceeding, attorney's fees, and such other and further relief as to this Court seems just and proper.

Dated this day of January, 1982.

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