Plaintiff JOHN BIRKE ("BIRKE") alleges as follows:

## THE PARTIES

- 1. BIRKE is a resident of the State of California, and as such, cast a vote in the November 8, 2016 Presidential election for Democratic candidate Hillary Clinton.
- 2. Defendants, the 538 Individual Members of the Electoral College (the "E.C. Members") are the electors chosen by the political parties of the popular vote winner of each state of the United States and the District of Columbia. The E.C. MEMBERS gather in their respective states on the first Monday following the second Wednesday of December after the Presidential election (December 19, 2016), in order to submit to the President of the Senate, Vice President Joseph Biden, their votes for the President and Vice-President of the United States.
- 3. Unless this Court issues the relief sought herein, the E.C. Members are overwhelmingly likely to cast their votes in such a manner as to violate the guaranty of BIRKE's rights to equal protection of the laws under the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution, *see*, *Bolling v. Sharpe*, 347 U.S. 497 (1954), and the fundamental principle of "one [person], one vote, enunciated by the United States Supreme Court in *Baker v. Carr*, 369 U.S. 186 (1962).

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter under Title 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question jurisdiction), § 2201 (authorizing declaratory relief), and § 2202 (authorizing injunctive relief).
  - 5. Venue is proper in this Court under Title 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b).

## INJUNCTIVE RELIEF ALLEGATIONS

6. BIRKE hereby incorporates each of the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 5 above, and incorporates them as though fully set forth here.

- 7. As of 7:00 a.m. P.S.T. November 13, 2016, according to the Associated Press (AP), Hillary Clinton received about 630,000 more votes in the Presidential election than President-Elect Donald Trump, out of approximately 121.2 million votes cast. There is no reasonable chance that Trump will surpass Clinton in the popular vote, or even narrow the present margin; according to election analysts, it is likely the margin for Clinton will grow as California and Washington complete their vote tabulations, and provisional ballots are tabulated. In fact, Clinton's ultimate margin is widely expected to approach 2 million votes.
  - 8. Notwithstanding this historic margin of votes in favor of the projected loser of the Presidential election, the E.C. MEMBERS are poised to award the Presidency to Trump on December 19<sup>th</sup>, because they will cast their votes according to the vote winner of each state and the District of Columbia.

- 9. Even taking Clinton's vote margin over Trump according to AP, unless this Court issues the injunctive relief sought herein, the E.C. MEMBERS will effectively cause a single vote for Clinton to be valued less than a single vote for Trump. Calculating roughly based on the vote totals available to BIRKE at the time of this complaint, the value of each Clinton vote will count for only about .99 of each Trump vote. If Clinton's margin expands as projected, that value will decrease to about .97.
- 10. The Fifth Amendment guarantees to all citizens the equal protection of federal laws, and is more explicitly protective against unfairness than the Due Process Clause of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments. *Bolling v. Sharpe*, 347 U.S. 497, 499. Thus, the Fifth Amendment creates a fundamental right in each citizen and a corresponding obligation on the part of all government entities to treat federal election voters fairly. Counting each Clinton vote, including BIRKE's Clinton vote, as only equal to approximately .99, that is, quantifiably less than each Trump vote, is fundamentally unfair, and serves no legitimate, let alone compelling government interest. Therefore, the action that the E.C. MEMBERS are all but

- 11. In addition, the E.C. MEMBERS' anticipated action violates the fundamental, inviolate principle set forth by the United States Supreme Court in *Baker v. Carr* 369 U.S. 186, of "one person, one [whole] vote." There is no precedent supporting an election process that for all intents and purposes rests on a principle of "one person, .97-.99 vote."
- 12. Injunctive relief is necessary because the process by which the E.C. MEMBERS will elect the President on December 19<sup>th</sup> is irreconcilable with BIRKE's rights --- and those of approximately 63 million other Clinton voters -- under the Equal Protection Clause and *Baker v. Carr*. Either the procedural process set forth in the United States Constitution which the E.C. MEMBERS will follow, or BIRKE's and millions of others' fundamental rights can be vindicated by this Court under the United States Constitution, but both cannot be.
- 13. BIRKE's fundamental right to have his vote counted equally with a Trump voter's supersedes the E.C. MEMBERS' interests in following the Electoral College process, for the reasons set forth above in Paragraphs 9-12. The harm the E.C. MEMBERS' action on December 19th will cause BIRKE is substantial and irreparable, and BIRKE lacks any adequate remedy in law. Accordingly, an injunction prohibiting the E.C. MEMBERS from casting votes on December 19, 2016 is necessary and appropriate.

### DECLARATORY RELIEF ALLEGATIONS

14. BIRKE hereby incorporates each of the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 13 above, and incorporates them as though fully set forth here.

An actual and substantial controversy now exists between BIRKE and

1 the E.C. MEMBERS as to their respective rights and duties. BIRKE contends the 2 process the E.C. MEMBERS will engage in on December 19, 2016 will irreparably injure BIRKE by infringing his right to equal protection of the laws under the Fifth 4 Amendment by devaluing to less than one his vote for Clinton, while the E.C. 5 MEMBERS are presently believed to contend they should cast their votes on 6 December 19th according to the popular vote winner of each of the states and the 7

15.

- District of Columbia -- which will result in Trump's being elected President. 16. This dispute is presently justiciable because by all indications, the E.C. 9 MEMBERS will vote on December 19th to make Donald Trump the 45th President 10 despite his receiving about 1.8 million fewer votes than Hillary Clinton, thereby 11 causing substantial and cognizable injury to BIRKE. 12
  - The E.C. MEMBERS' anticipated action, based on their presumed 17. contention in this matter, has substantially affected and will directly, substantially and adversely affect BIRKE. Therefore, a judicial determination of the parties' respective rights and obligations as to this controversy is necessary and appropriate at this time.

18

13

14

15

16

17

# PRAYER FOR RELIEF

19 20

Wherefore, BIRKE prays for judgment as follows:

21 22

For a judicial declaration that the E.C. MEMBERS' anticipated action on December 19, 2016 will substantially, adversely, and irreparably injure BIRKE

23

and all other Clinton voters, in violation of BIRKE's rights under the Fifth

24

Amendment, and will derogate the fundamental principle of one person, one

25 26 vote.

2. For a judicial declaration that the process to be followed by the E.C. MEMBERS in electing the 45<sup>th</sup> President is irreconcilable with BIRKE's rights to

28

27

equal protection of the laws under the Fifth Amendment, and will derogate the fundamental principle of one person, one vote.

- 3. For a judicial declaration that under longstanding principles of statutory and Constitutional construction, BIRKE's rights supersede the interests of the E.C. MEMBERS in following the procedure for electing the 45<sup>th</sup> President.
- 4. For an order permanently enjoining the E.C. MEMBERS from casting votes for President on December 19<sup>th</sup> in a manner not consistent with Hillary Clinton's receiving many, many more votes than Donald Trump, or otherwise performing their duties in such manner as effectively to diminish to less than one the value of BIRKE'S vote for Hillary Clinton.
  - 5. For all such other relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: November 14, 2016 Respectfully submitted,

John &. Birke, Plaintiff, *pro se* 12424 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1200 Los Angeles, California 90025 (818) 564-9410

ohn Birks