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                   IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                     SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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    MAURIZIO ANTONINETTI
                                            Case No.: 05 CV 1660 J
                                            (WMc)
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              Plaintiff,
                                            MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND
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                                            AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF
    vs.
                                            PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO
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    CHIPOTLE MEXICAN GRILL, INC. and DOES MOTION TO DISMISS OR, IN
    1 THROUGH 10, Inclusive,
                                            THE ALTERNATIVE, TO
14
                                            CONSOLIDATE WITH PENDING
              Defendants.
                                            CASE
15
                                                   February 12, 2007
                                            Date:
16
                                            Time:
                                                   10:30 a.m.
                                            Judge: Napoleon A. Jones,
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                                            Jr.
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         Plaintiff, MAURIZIO ANTONINETTI, (hereinafter "Plaintiff"),
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    hereby submits the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities
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    in Support of his Opposition to the Motion to Dismiss or, in the
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    alternative, to consolidate Case No. 05 CV 1660 J (WMc) with Case
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   No. 06 CV 2671 LAB (POR).
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I.

### PLAINTIFF DOES NOT OPPOSE CONSOLIDATION OF CASE NO. 06 CV 2671 WITH THE INSTANT CASE

Plaintiff has no objection to the consolidation of Case No. 06 CV 2671 with the instant case. In fact, in his Notices of Related Cases filed in the two actions on January 11, 2007, Plaintiff specifically requested that the later-filed case be assigned to Judge Jones, who had been assigned the instant case.

Of note, the Plaintiff recommended that the cases be assigned to the same Judge the <u>day before</u> Defendant filed it's Motion to Dismiss.

II.

## DEFENDANT'S MOTION WAS FILED WITHOUT ANY REASONABLE BASIS AND WAS DONE FOR IMPROPER PURPOSES

#### Α. This Motion was Completely Unnecessary.

Defendant contended, and continues to contend, that Plaintiff engaged in "judge-shopping" when he filed, along with four other plaintiffs, a subsequent class action lawsuit that involved all of Chipotle's restaurants in California. Defendant also contended, and continues to contend, that Plaintiff tried to "do an end run" around the Court's Scheduling Order in the instant action by filing the subsequent class action.

When Defendant first leveled these charges, Plaintiff's counsel took immediate action to disabuse Defendant and it's attorneys of those notions. (Please see Exhibits "C" and "E" to Defendant's Motion and Plaintiff's Notice of Related Cases filed in the instant matter.)

In addition to Plaintiff's counsel's letters to defense

counsel, Plaintiff's Notice of Related Cases, filed and served the day **before** Defendant filed the instant Motion, clearly stated that Plaintiff's claims in the instant case were separate and distinct from those asserted in the Class Action. The Notice also specifically and emphatically stated that Plaintiff had no desire to modify the Court's Scheduling Order in the instant case.

In fact, Plaintiff offered to file an Amended Complaint in the later-filed action to address Defendant's concerns about "duplicative claims". (Please see Exhibit "E" to Defendant's Motion.) Plaintiff even provided Stacey Herter, at a deposition on January 22, 2007, with a Stipulation to allow Plaintiffs to amend the Complaint in Case No. 06 CV 2671 LAB (POR). Ms. Herter stated that she needed to "check with Greg" to see if the Stipulation would be signed by defense counsel. To date, the Stipulation has not been executed by defense counsel. (See ABV Dec., par. 5.)

Rather than act responsibly, with professionalism and in good faith, Defendant and/or it's attorneys, including Gregory F. Hurley, decided to simply ignore the Plaintiff's representations and his offer to stipulate to amend the Complaint and, instead, filed the instant motion. There is absolutely no reason for this motion to take up this Court's time and resources, or for the Plaintiff to expend attorney's fees reviewing and responding to the motion.

Had Defendant simply agreed to the Stipulation to Amend the Complaint, the issues of duplication would be moot. Further, Defendant's allegations regarding the Scheduling Order are belied

by the fact that at no time has Plaintiff ever indicated, by implication or otherwise, that he wished to modify the Court dates in the instant action. Moreover, the Notice of Related Cases specifically refutes Defendant's position.

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Defendant's motion should be denied and Defendant and/or his attorneys should be sanctioned for filing a frivolous motion.

The Court should also take note that, while the Motion is signed by Ms. Herter, her supervising attorney, and the person in charge of this litigation, is Mr. Hurley.

## B. <u>Defense Counsel, Greg Hurley, Has Been</u> Sanctioned by Other Courts for Improper Conduct.

In Lonberg v. Home Depot Store 610 U.S. District Court,
Central District case number SACV-00-221DOC, the Court personally
sanctioned Mr. Hurley for presenting information to the Court
that he knew or should have known was false. (Please See Exhibit
"A" to the Declaration of Amy B. Vandeveld, par. 5.)

Not only did the Court find that Mr. Hurley and his client had misrepresented facts to the Court, it also found that Mr. Hurley and his client filed a removal action for an "improper purpose". (Ex. "A" to Vandeveld Dec., par. 8.) The Court also stated:

"Defendant has made it as difficult as possible for Plaintiff to vindicate his rights, forcing him to retain an attorney instead of proceeding in small claims court. Actions like this may make disabled individuals reluctant to try and enforce their civil rights for fear that they can do so only with the help of an attorney at significant cost."

Ex. "A" to Vandeveld Dec., par. 7.

In a published opinion, another Court found Mr. Hurley's mischaracterization of a decision of another case "intellectually

dishonest and insulting to this Court." United States v. AMC

Entertainment, Inc. (C.D. Cal. 2002) 232 F.Supp.2d 1092, at n.

14. In fact, the Court found that Mr. Hurley's sworn

declarations were not credible because, among other reasons, they

contradicted statements of his own witnesses and clients.

In another published decision, the Court criticized Mr. Hurley for attempting to rely on his own declaration as evidence. United States v. AMC Entertainment, Inc. (C.D. Cal. 2003) 245 F.Supp.2d 1094, at n. 9)

The California Court of Appeal even criticized Mr. Hurley. In Hankins v. El Torito (1998) 63 Cal.App.4th 510, the Court chastised Mr. Hurley for his improper attempts to cite unpublished case law: "we also note, with considerable distress, that El Torito's counsel has improperly cited two other depublished cases... It is difficult to excuse these errors especially in light of El Torito's numerous other violations of rule 15(a) of the California Rules of Court by, e.g., its failure to provide record citations for a veritable host of its factual assertions."

Mr. Hurley was personally sanctioned in *United States v. AMC Entertainment*, U.S. District Court, Central District case number CV-99-1034 FMC for (a) failing to produce records, (b) intentionally deleting responsive e-mail documents, (c) failing to act reasonably to recover documents and (d) opposing a discovery motion without substantial justification. (Ex. "B" to Vandeveld Dec.)

While the instant motion is signed by Ms. Herter, it is clear that Mr. Hurley is simply hiding behind his associate to

avoid further sanctions. He is the supervising attorney on this case. It is unlikely that the motion would have been filed without Mr. Hurley's direction and approval. Unless Mr. Hurley is sanctioned for his improper conduct in filing the instant motion, he will not be deterred from filing other frivolous motions, all to the detriment of the Court and to the Plaintiff and class plaintiffs.

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# C. <u>Mr. Hurley Has Engaged in other Harassing and Annoying Conduct Against People with Disabilities</u>.

In 2005, a disabled advocate, Ruthee Goldkorn, sought a quick and economical resolution, in small claims court, of her claims relating to access violations at a Claire's Boutique store in Moreno Valley, CA. She won her case. Claire's threatened to appeal the judgment unless Ms. Goldkorn agreed to provide notice of other access barriers at Claire's stores before filing a lawsuit.

Ms. Goldkorn agreed to the requested notice provision, even though she was not legally obligated to give notice prior to filing a lawsuit. In fact, when Ms. Goldkorn did confront other barriers at a different Claire's store, she attempted an even more informal and cost-effective resolution. Rather than give notice as prescribed by the Settlement Agreement, Ms. Goldkorn sent an informal email to Claire's counsel, Stacy Herter, regarding problems she had encountered at the Ontario store. As noted above, Stacy Herter is Mr. Hurley's associate and is involved in both of the Antoninetti v. Chipotle cases filed with this Court.

Unfortunately, Ms. Goldkorn agreed to the notice provision

to her extreme detriment. After receiving notice of the other violations, Claire's Boutique, represented by Mr. Hurley and Stacey Herter, actually *sued* Ms. Goldkorn for declaratory relief, alleging that the notice given by Ms. Goldkorn gave rise to a justiciable case or controversy. (See Case No.: RCV 085784, filed in the County of San Bernardino.)

In that case, Ms. Goldkorn was forced to locate an attorney who would defend her, pro bono, in a lawsuit that would never have been filed but for the fact that Ms. Goldkorn agreed to notify Claire's of access problems at other stores. She was tricked into this vulnerable position by Claire's or Claire's attorney, Gregory Hurley, who was the lead attorney in the declaratory relief lawsuit against Ms. Goldkorn.

Upon Ms. Goldkorn's request, and after a hearing on her motion, the Court dismissed Claire's lawsuit against Ms.

Goldkorn, without leave to amend. (Please see Exhibit "C" to Vandeveld Dec.) If Ms. Goldkorn had not been able to find an attorney to defend her pro bono, she would have been unable to defend the case against her.

III.

#### CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court deny Defendant's Motion to Dismiss. Plaintiff further requests that the Court consolidate USDC Case No. 06 CV 2671 LAB (POR) with USDC Case No. 05 CV 1660 J (WMc). Finally, Plaintiff requests that the Court sanction Defense counsel for ///

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4		<u>/S/ Amy B. Vandeveld</u> AMY B. VANDEVELD, Attorney for Plaintiff
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