SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN

PLAINTIFF COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS OF SONOMA COUNTY

AND

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY, IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT; ICE SPECIAL AGENTS CHRISTOPHER MERENDINO AND MARIO HUELGA IN THEIR OFFICIAL CAPACITIES

CV-08-4220 (RS)

This Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into by and between remaining Plaintiff, Committee for Immigrant Rights of Sonoma County (referred to hereinafter as "Plaintiff CIRSC"), and remaining Federal Defendants, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE"), and ICE Special Agents Christopher Merendino and Mario Huelga in their official capacities, (collectively referred to hereinafter as "Defendants."). The effective date of this Agreement is December 5, 2011 (the "Effective Date").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs Francisco Sanchez-Lopez ("Sanchez-Lopez"); Christyan Sonato-Vega, ("Sonato-Vega"); and Plaintiff CIRSC filed a Complaint against Defendants United States of America ("USA"); U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE"); Special Agent Mario Huelga ("Huelga"), in his official and individual capacities; Special Agent Chris Merendino ("Merendino"), in his official and personal capacities; ROES 1-50; County of Sonoma, Sheriff-Coroner Bill Cogbill ("Cogbill"), in his official and individual capacities; Deputy Sheriff Morris Eric Salkin ("Salkin"), in his official and individual capacities; and DOES 1-50, (collectively referred to hereinafter as "County Defendants") on September 5, 2008, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, styled *Committee for Immigrant Rights of Sonoma County, et al. v. County of Sonoma, et al.*,

Case No. 08-4220, seeking injunctive and declaratory relief against ICE, County of Sonoma, and officials with both agencies, and seeking monetary relief against the USA, County of Sonoma and against Huelga, Merendino, Cogbill, and Salkin in their personal capacities,

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs filed a Second Amended Complaint ("SAC") on September 14, 2009, claiming violations of: the Fourth Amendment against County Defendants, ICE, Huelga, Merendino, and ROES 1-50; the Fifth Amendment (Equal Protection and Due Process) against ICE, Huelga, Merendino, and ROES 1-50; the Fourteenth Amendment (Equal Protection and Due Process) against County Defendants; 8 U.S.C. § 1357 and 8 C.F.R. §§ 287.3 and 287.7 (through the Due Process Clause and the Administrative Procedure Act) against ICE, Huelga, Merendino, and ROES 1-50; Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 against County Defendants; 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1985(3) against Federal and County Defendants, except the USA; California Constitution (Art. I, § 13 and Art. I, § 7(a)) against County Defendants; Bane Act (California Civil Code § 52.1) against County Defendants; California Government Code against County Defendants; state tort claims against the County Defendants; and Federal Tort Claims Act against USA,

WHEREAS, on March 10, 2010, the Court dismissed Plaintiffs' challenges to ICE's interpretation of 8 C.F.R. § 287.7, holding the regulation could reasonably be interpreted to allow the issuance of a detainer for persons not already in custody pursuant to an independent criminal or other state law arrest, but reserved statutory and constitutional claims arising from the application of 8 C.F.R. § 287.7 based on this interpretation,

WHEREAS, on August 2, 2010, ICE issued an interim policy governing the use of immigration detainers, which is subject to change at the discretion of ICE ("Interim Policy")

(attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) that, among other things, prohibits the use of immigration detainers to initiate local custody of aliens,

WHEREAS, on April 7, 2011, Plaintiffs Sanchez-Lopez and Sonato-Vega dismissed with prejudice all of their claims against the Federal Defendants,

WHEREAS, on July 22, 2011, and on August 25, 2011, all Plaintiffs dismissed with prejudice all of their claims against County Defendants,

NOW, THEREFORE, to avoid the delay, uncertainty, inconvenience, and expense of protracted litigation of the Action, remaining Plaintiff CIRSC and Defendants reached settlement of all Plaintiff CIRSC's remaining claims against Defendants pursuant to the terms and conditions below.

AGREEMENT

1. ICE acknowledges that its Interim Policy (attached hereto as Exhibit A) states that an immigration detainer may serve three key functions. See also 8 C.F.R. § 287.7. One such function is to advise a law enforcement agency ("LEA") of ICE's intent to assume custody of an alien in the LEA's custody. Another key function is to request information regarding an alien's release in order to allow ICE to make arrangements to take the alien into custody. The third key function is to request that an LEA maintain custody of an alien who may otherwise be released, so as to allow ICE to decide whether to assume custody of the alien. Indeed, as to the third function, 8 C.F.R. § 287.7(d) provides that under certain circumstances, an LEA "shall maintain custody of the alien for a period not to exceed 48 hours, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and holidays in order to permit assumption of custody" by ICE. ICE acknowledges to Plaintiff CIRSC that pursuant to current ICE policy, ICE will not seek to compel compliance with its detainers by local LEAs in Sonoma County.

- 2. ICE acknowledges to Plaintiff CIRSC that the Interim Policy prohibits the use of immigration detainers to initiate local custody of aliens. Specifically, ICE agents and officers shall issue detainers only after an LEA has exercised its independent authority to arrest the alien for a criminal violation, and detainers may not be issued if an LEA temporarily detains, but does not arrest, the alien. This does not preclude temporary detention of an alien by the LEA while ICE responds to the scene. As of the date of execution of this Agreement, the Interim Policy is in effect and ICE is not planning or presently taking any steps to reverse the Interim Policy's prohibition against the use of detainers to initiate local custody. As with other policies issued, ICE has discretion to revise, supersede or revoke the Interim Policy at any time.
- 3. ICE agrees to take a one-time action to provide a copy of the Interim Policy to each and every ICE law enforcement officer who is authorized to issue detainers and is assigned, as of the Effective Date, to the San Francisco field offices of ICE's Enforcement and Removal Operations and Homeland Security Investigations. The Interim Policy will be conveyed to such officers within ten (10) days of the Effective Date, and it will be accompanied by the following statement: "Officers are reminded that they must comply with the Interim Policy's prohibition against using detainers to initiate local custody of aliens."
- 4. ICE agrees to request that Sonoma County Jail post in the booking/intake areas of each Sonoma County jail facility, as well as in each housing module where postings are otherwise allowed, the forms attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, specifically, (1) ICE's current list of free legal providers, and (2) a blank I-826 "Notice of Rights and Request for Disposition" accompanied by the following printed statement: "This form is provided to people who are taken into custody by Immigration and Customs Enforcement. It explains certain rights and procedures in the immigration system." ICE agrees to request that Sonoma County Jail post the forms within

thirty (30) days of the Effective Date, and to continue the postings for a period of three (3) years from the Effective Date. The parties acknowledge that Sonoma County Jail has the exclusive authority to decide whether, where, or how to post forms in its facilities, and that in the event that Sonoma County Jail declines to post the forms, such action shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement.

- 5. ICE has prepared a new detainer form, I-247, attached hereto as **Exhibit C** ("New I-247"). As of the Effective Date, the New I-247 is in limited use and ICE has not approved it for use in Sonoma County. ICE agrees to begin, within ten (10) days of the Effective Date, using the New I-247 as the exclusive detainer form in Sonoma County, and to continue using the New I-247 there for a period of one (1) year following the Effective Date unless a court decision or order or exceptional operational requirement necessitates otherwise.
- 6. To effectuate the complete dismissal of this matter and to foreclose any appeal of interlocutory orders that have disposed of claims in this litigation prior to this Agreement,

 Defendants and Plaintiff CIRSC agree to jointly move the Court to vacate only the Court's Order Re: Motions to Dismiss the SAC, dated March 10, 2010 (Dkt. 164) through filing of a Joint Motion, attached hereto as **Exhibit D**, within three (3) business days of the Effective Date of this Agreement. This term of this Agreement is satisfied upon the filing of the Joint Motion, and any action or inaction by the Court on the motion shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement.
- 7. In consideration of the terms and conditions set forth herein, Plaintiff CIRSC hereby releases and forever discharges Defendants, and all of their past and present agencies, officials, employees, agents, attorneys, successors, and assigns from any and all obligations, damages, liabilities, causes of action, claims, and demands of any kind and nature whatsoever, whether suspected or unsuspected, arising in law or equity, arising from or by reason of any and all

known, unknown, foreseen, or unforeseen injuries, and the consequences thereof, resulting from the facts, circumstances and subject matter that gave rise to the Action, including all claims that were asserted or that Plaintiff CIRSC could have asserted in the Action (the "CIRSC Released Claims").

8. This release of claims is intended by Plaintiff CIRSC to be completely effective and binding irrespective of whether any CIRSC Released Claims have been asserted and irrespective of any present lack of knowledge on the part of Plaintiff of any such claims. With respect to the CIRSC Released Claims, Plaintiff CIRSC expressly waives the benefits and provisions of Section 1542 of the Civil Code of the State of California, which provides as follows:

GENERAL RELEASE - CLAIMS EXTINGUISHED

A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, which if known by him or her must have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor.

Plaintiff CIRSC also waives the benefits and provisions of any similar law of any other jurisdiction concerning the CIRSC Released Claims.

9. In consideration of the terms and conditions set forth herein, Plaintiff CIRSC agrees that it will immediately upon execution of this Agreement also execute a Stipulation of Dismissal, which stipulation shall dismiss with prejudice its claims in the Action against Defendants. A copy of the Stipulation of Dismissal is attached hereto as **Exhibit E**. The fully executed Stipulation of Dismissal will be held by counsel for the Plaintiffs and will be filed with the Court within three (3) business days of the Court's ruling on the parties' Joint Motion or sixty (60) days from the Effective Date, whichever date is earlier. Both parties shall receive fully executed copies of this Agreement, with counsel for the party completing full execution of this Agreement

being responsible to provide a fully executed copy of this Agreement to counsel for the other party.

- 10. The parties acknowledge that neither this Agreement nor anything contained herein shall constitute an admission of liability or fault on the part of the Defendants, sued in their official or personal capacities, or their agents, servants, or employees. This Agreement is entered into by the parties for the purpose of compromising disputed claims, avoiding the expenses and risks of litigation, and buying peace.
- 11. It is also agreed by and among Plaintiff CIRSC and Defendants that neither Plaintiff CIRSC nor any of their attorneys may make any claim for attorneys' fees or other costs against the Defendants.
- 12. It is also agreed by and among Plaintiff CIRSC and Defendants that neither Defendants nor any of their attorneys may make any claim for attorneys' fees or other costs against Plaintiff.
- 13. The parties further acknowledge that the parties have mutually participated in the drafting of this Agreement and it is agreed that no provision herein shall be construed against any party hereto by virtue of the drafting of this Agreement. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable, the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby. This instrument shall constitute the entire agreement between the parties, and it is expressly understood and agreed that this Agreement has been freely and voluntarily entered into by the parties hereto with the advice of counsel, who have explained the legal effect of this Agreement. The parties further acknowledge that no warranties or representations have been made on any subject other than as set forth in this Agreement.

- 14. The persons signing this Agreement, as well as the Joint Motion and Stipulation of Dismissal provided for herein, warrant and represent that they possess full authority to bind the persons on whose behalf they are signing to the terms of this Agreement. This Agreement may not be altered, modified, or otherwise changed in any respect except in writing, duly executed by all of the parties or their authorized representatives.
- 15. This Agreement may be signed in counterparts and facsimile signatures shall have the same force and effect as original signatures.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF and in agreement herewith, the Parties have entered into and executed this Agreement as of the effective date.

COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS

OF SONOMA COUNTY

Dated:

By:

RICHARD COSHNEAR

On Behalf of Plaintiff CIRSC

MELINDA HAAG

United States Attorney

Dated: 12/5/2011

By:

JLA C. DEISS

Assistant United States Attorney
Attorneys for the Federal Defendants

WILLIAM ORRICK, III

Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division

DAVID J. KLINE

Director

By:

COLÍN A. KISOR

Deputy Director

LANA VAHAB

Trial Attorney

Attorneys for the Federal Defendants

IN WITNESS WHEREOF and in agreement herewith, the Parties have entered into and executed this Agreement as of the effective date.

COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS

Dated:

By:

RICHARD COSHNEAR On Behalf of Plaintiff CIRSC

SONOMA COUNTY

MELINDA HAAG United States Attorney

Dated:

By:

TLA C. DEISS Assistant United States Attorney Attorneys for the Federal Defendants

WILLIAM ORRICK, III Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division DAVID J. KLINE Director

By:

COLIN A. KISOR Deputy Director LANA VAHAB Trial Attorney Attorneys for the Federal Defendants

EXHIBIT A

U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT

INTERIM Policy Number 10074.1: Detainers

Issue Date: 08/02/2010 Effective Date: 08/02/2010

Superseded: LESC LOP 005-09 (September 23, 2009)
Federal Enterprise Architecture Number: 111-601-001-a

- 1. **Purpose/Background.** This directive establishes the interim policy of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) regarding the issuance of civil immigration detainers.
- 2. **Definitions.** The following definitions apply for purposes of this directive only.
- 2.1. A detainer (Form I-247) is a notice that ICE issues to Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies (LEAs) to inform the LEA that ICE intends to assume custody of an individual in the LEA's custody. An immigration detainer may serve three key functions—
 - notify an LEA that ICE intends to arrest or remove an alien in the LEA's custody once the alien is no longer subject to the LEA's detention;
 - request information from an LEA about an alien's impending release so ICE may assume custody before the alien is released from the LEA's custody; and
 - request that the LEA maintain custody of an alien who would otherwise be released for a period not to exceed 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) to provide ICE time to assume custody.
- 2.2. An Immigration officer includes an officer or an agent who is authorized to issue detainers pursuant to 8 C.F.R. § 287.7(b), or who a state, local, or tribal officer or agent who is delegated such authority pursuant to § 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- 3. Policy.
- **3.1.** Only immigration officers may issue detainers.
- 3.2. Immigration officers shall issue detainers only after an LEA has exercised its independent authority to arrest the alien for a criminal violation.
- 4. Procedures.
- 4.1. Immigration officers shall not issue a detainer unless an LEA has exercised its independent authority to arrest the alien. Immigration officers shall not issue detainers for aliens who have been temporarily detained by the LEA (i.e., roadside or *Terry* stops)

- but not arrested. This policy, however, does not preclude temporary detention of an alien by the LEA while ICE responds to the scene.
- 4.2. If an immigration officer has reason to believe that an individual arrested by an LEA is subject to ICE detention for removal or removal proceedings, and issuance of the detainer otherwise comports with this policy and appears to advance the priorities of the agency, the immigration officer may issue a detainer (Form I-247) to the LEA.
- 4.3. If the alien is the subject of an administrative arrest warrant, warrant of removal, or removal order, the immigration officer who issues the detainer should attach the warrant or order to the detainer, unless impracticable.
- 4.4. Immigration officers are expected to make arrangements to assume custody of an alien who is the subject of a detainer in a timely manner and without unnecessary delay. Although a detainer serves to request that an LEA temporarily detain an alien for a period not to exceed 48 hours from the time the LEA otherwise would have released the alien (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) to permit ICE to assume custody of the alien, immigration officers should avoid relying on that hold period. If at any time after a detainer is issued, ICE determines it will not assume custody of the alien, the detainer should be withdrawn or rescinded and the LEA notified.
- 4.5. ICE shall timely assume custody of the alien if ICE has opted to lodge a detainer against an alien in any of the following categories—
 - aliens who are subject to removal based upon certain criminal or security-related grounds set forth in INA § 236(c);
 - aliens who are within the "removal period," as defined in INA § 241(a)(2); and
 - aliens who have been arrested for controlled substance offenses under INA § 287(d).
- 4.6. Immigration officers shall take particular care when issuing a detainer against a lawful permanent resident (LPR) as some grounds of removability hinge on a conviction, while others do not [eg. removability pursuant to INA § 237(a)(4) and INA § 237(a)(1)(E).] Although in certain instances ICE may hold LPRs for up to 48 hours to make charging determinations, immigration officers should exercise such authority judiciously and seek advice of counsel for guidance if the LPR has not been convicted of a removable offense.
- 4.7. Immigration officers should consult their supervisors or local chief counsel office with all inquiries, questions, or concerns regarding this policy.
- 5. Authorities/References.
- 5.1. INA §§ 103(a)(3), 236, 241, 287.
- **5.2.** 8 C.F.R. §§ 236.1, 287.3. 287.5, 287.7, 287.8, 1236.1.

- 6. Attachments.
- 6.1. Form I-247: Immigration Detainer Notice of Action.
- 7. No Private Right Statement. This Directive is an internal policy statement of ICE. It is not intended to, and does not create any rights, privileges, or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable by any party against the United States; its departments, agencies, or other entities; its officers or employees; contractors or any other person.

John Morton Director

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

EXHIBIT B

This form is provided to people who are taken into custody by Immigration and Customs Enforcement. It explains certain rights and procedures in the immigration system.

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

	Notice	of Right	s and Red	quest for	Disposition
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	Subject ID : FINS #:	File No:
Name:	P-4	
7404	NOTICE OF RIGHTS	
have the right to a hearing before the Im- States. If you request a hearing, you may	migration Court to determine be detained in custody or y	ou are illegally in the United States. You ne whether you may remain in the United ou may be eligible to be released on bond, to your country as soon as possible, without
answer any questions regarding your legal you this notice will provide you with a lis fee. You have the right to communicate v	I rights in the United States t of legal organizations that with the consular or diploma	
RE	QUEST FOR DISPOSITI	ON
I request a hearing before the Imputations United States.	migration Court to determin	e whether or not I may remain in the
I believe I face harm if I return to	my country. My case will	be referred to the Immigration Court
initials country. I give up my right to a h	nearing before the Immigrati	that I do not face harm if I return to my ion Court. I wish to return to my country I understand that I may be held in
Signature of Subject		Date
CEI	RTIFICATION OF SERV	ICE
Notice read by subject.		
□ Notice read to subject by	, in the	language.
Name of Officer (Print)		Name of Interpreter (Print)
Signature of Officer		Date and Time of Service



U.S. Department of Justice

Executive Office for Immigration Review

Immigration Court 120 Montgomery Street, Suite 800 San Francisco, CA 94104

LIST OF FREE LEGAL SERVICE PROVIDERS

ASIAN LAW CAUCUS

55 Columbus Avenue
San Francisco, CA 94111
(415) 896-1701-No collect calls are accepted
Mon.-Fri. 9am-5pm, Contact: Philip Van

Free legal consultation to low income aliens in criminal removal matters. Will represent aliens in some asylum cases. Languages: Mandarin, Vietnamese, Cantonese, Tagalog. Serves the San Francisco Bay area.

ASYLUM PROGRAM OF THE SAN FRANCISCO LAWYERS' COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

131 Steuart Street, #400 San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 543-9444, Contact: Philip Hwang Mon.-Fri. 9am-5:30pm Interviews Wed-Fri by appt. Pro Bono or nominal fee.

Must meet income guidelines for representation. Asylum cases screened for finances & meritorious claims. Languages: Spanish & French. Serves San Francisco Bay area.

CENTRAL AMERICAN RESOURCE CENTER (CARECEN)

3101 Mission Street, Suite 101 San Francisco, CA 94110 (415) 824-2330 Mon.-Fri. 9am-5 pm.

Charges nominal fee. Must meet (HUD) income guidelines for representation. Will represent Latin American aliens in asylum cases. Language: Spanish.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES IMMIGRATION PROGRAM

2625 Zanker Road, Suite 201
San Jose, CA 95134
(408) 944-0691
Mon.-Fri. 9am-5 p.m.
Must meet low income guidelines for representation;

Will represent aliens in immigration cases. Languages: Spanish, Tagalog, Vietnamese, Italian, Portuguese, Mandarin.

LA RAZA CENTRO LEGAL

474 Valencia Street, Suite 295
San Francisco, CA 94103
(415) 575-3500
May charge nominal fee. Will represent aliens in asylum cases. Language: Spanish

LIST OF FREE LEGAL SERVICE PROVIDERS

SANTA CLARA UNIVERSITY, SCHOOL OF LAW CIVIL CLINICAL PROGRAMS EAST SAN JOSE COMMUNITY LAW CENTER

1030 The Alameda San Jose, CA 95126 (408) 288-7030 Every Tuesday from 1-4pm. Contact: Lynette Parker

Drop-in advice clinics as well as representation before Immigration Court. Must meet low income guidelines for representation.

IMMIGRATION LAW CLINIC U.C. DAVIS SCHOOL OF LAW 400 Mrak Hall Davis, CA 95616-5201 (530) 752-6942 -No collect calls are accepted. Mon.-Fri. 8am- 5pm **Contact: Amagda Perez or James Smith** Must meet income guidelines for representation.

Will represent aliens in asylum and cancellation cases. Language: Spanish. Pro Bono. Serves Davis, Yolo, Solano, Sacramento within a 60-mile radius.

ASIAN PACIFIC ISLAND LEGAL OUTREACH

1188 Franklin Street, Suite 202 San Francisco, California 94109 (415) 567-6255

Willing to represent indigent aliens in asylum proceedings. Provides legal services in the following languages: Cantonese, Japanese, Korean, Mandarin, and Vietnamese.

NATIONAL CENTER FOR LESBIAN RIGHTS (NCLR)

870 Market Street, Suite 370 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 392-6257 Fax: (415) 392-8442

Seeks to represent lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) indigent aliens in asylum proceedings. Assists LGBT aliens and immigrants in understanding visas, asylum claims, and HIV exclusion, and provides legal and practical strategies for bi-national couples.

updated January 2011

EXHIBIT C

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY IMMIGRATION DETAINER – NOTICE OF ACTION

File	le No:	Date:
ТО	D: (Name and Title of Institution – OR Any Subsequent Law Enforcement Agency)	FROM: (Department of Homeland Security Office Address)
	MAINTAIN CUSTODY OF ALIEN FO	R A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 48 HOURS
Na	ame of Alien:	
Dat	ate of Birth:Nationality:	Sex:
TH PE	IE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY (DHS ERSON IDENTIFIED ABOVE, CURRENTLY IN YOUR CU	S) HAS TAKEN THE FOLLOWING ACTION RELATED TO THE STODY:
	Initiated an investigation to determine whether this perso	n is subject to removal from the United States.
	Initiated removal proceedings and served a Notice to App document is attached and was served on(Date)	pear or other charging document. A copy of the charging
	Served a warrant of arrest for removal proceedings. A co	ppy of the warrant is attached and was served on
	(Date) Obtained an order of deportation or removal from the Uni	ited States for this person.
	his action does not limit your discretion to make decisions a signments, or other matters. ICE discourages dismissing o	
ITI	IS REQUESTED THAT YOU:	
	beyond the time when the subject would have otherwise the subject. This request flows from federal regulation 8 "shall maintain custody of an alien" once a detainer has t subject beyond these 48 hours. As early as possible p	EED 48 HOURS, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, been released from your custody to allow DHS to take custody of C.F.R. § 287.7, which provides that a law enforcement agency been issued by DHS. You are not authorized to hold the prior to the time you otherwise would release the subject, please ing business hours or after hours or in an these numbers, please contact the Immigration and Customs Burlington, Vermont at (802) 872-6020.
\boxtimes	Provide a copy to the subject of this detainer.	
	Notify this office of the time of release at least 30 days pr	ior to release or as far in advance as possible.
	Notify this office in the event of the inmate's death, hospi	talization or transfer to another institution.
	Consider this request for a detainer operative only upon	the subject's conviction.
	Cancel the detainer previously placed by this Office on _	(Date)
	(Name and title of Immigration Officer)	(Signature of Immigration Officer)
by not Local Est	ease provide the information below, sign, and return to the faxing a copy to You should main the hold the subject beyond the 48-hour period. It is call Booking or Inmate # It is criminal charge/conviction: It is the control of the subject of this detainer may be su	Department using the envelope enclosed for your convenience or ntain a copy for your own records so you may track the case and Date of latest criminal charge/conviction: y be removed from the United States. If the individual may be the
vict	etim of a crime, or if you want this individual to remain in the proses, including acting as a witness, please notify the ICE	United States for prosecution or other law enforcement

NOTICE TO THE DETAINEE

The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has placed an immigration detainer on you. An immigration detainer is a notice from DHS informing law enforcement agencies that DHS intends to assume custody of you after you otherwise would be released from custody. DHS has requested that the law enforcement agency which is currently detaining you maintain custody of you for a period not to exceed 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) beyond the time when you would have been released by the state or local law enforcement authorities based on your criminal charges or convictions. If DHS does not take you into custody during that additional 48 hour period, not counting weekends or holidays, you should contact your custodian (the law enforcement agency or other entity that is holding you now) to inquire about your release from state or local custody. If you have a complaint regarding this detainer or related to violations of civil rights or civil liberties, please contact the ICE Joint Intake Center at 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). If you believe you are the victim of a crime, please advise DHS by calling the ICE Law Enforcement Support Center at (802) 872-6020.

NOTIFICACIÓN A LA PERSONA DETENIDA

El Departamento de Seguridad Nacional (DHS) de EE. UU. ha emitido una orden de detención inmigratoria en su contra. Mediante esta orden, se notifica a los organismos policiales que el DHS pretende arrestarlo cuando usted cumpla su reclusión actual. El DHS ha solicitado que el organismo policial local o estatal a cargo de su actual detención lo mantenga en custodia por un período no mayor a 48 horas (excluyendo sábados, domingos y días festivos) tras el cese de su reclusión penal. Si el DHS no procede con su arresto inmigratorio durante este periodo adicional de 48 horas, excluyendo los fines de semana o días festivos, usted debe contactarse con la autoridad estatal o local que lo tiene detenido (el organismo policial u otra entidad a cargo de su custodia) para obtener mayores detalles sobre el cese de su reclusión. Si tiene alguna queja que se relacione con esta orden de detención o con posibles infracciones a los derechos o libertades civiles, comuníquese con el Joint Intake Center (Centro de Admisión) del ICE (Servicio de Inmigración y Control de Aduanas) llamando al 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). Si cree que ha sido víctima de un delito, infórmeselo al DHS llamando al Centro de Apoyo a los Organismos Policiales (Law Enforcement Support Center) del ICE, teléfono (802) 872-6020.

Avis au détenu

Le département de la Sécurité Intérieure [Department of Homeland Security (DHS)] a émis, à votre encontre, un ordre d'incarcération pour des raisons d'immigration. Un ordre d'incarcération pour des raisons d'immigration est un avis du DHS informant les agences des forces de l'ordre que le DHS a l'intention de vous détenir après la date normale de votre remise en liberté. Le DHS a requis que l'agence des forces de l'ordre, qui vous détient actuellement, vous garde en détention pour une période maximum de 48 heures (excluant les samedis, dimanches et jours fériés) au-delà de la période à la fin de laquelle vous auriez été remis en liberté par les autorités policières de l'État ou locales en fonction des inculpations ou condamnations pénales à votre encontre. Si le DHS ne vous détient pas durant cette période supplémentaire de 48 heures, sans compter les fins de semaines et les jours fériés, vous devez contacter votre gardien (l'agence des forces de l'ordre qui vous détient actuellement) pour vous renseigner à propos de votre libération par l'État ou l'autorité locale. Si vous avez une plainte à formuler au sujet de cet ordre d'Incarcération ou en rapport avec des violations de vos droits civils, veuillez contacter le centre commun d'admissions du Service de l'Immigration et des Douanes [ICE - Immigration and Customs Enforcement] [ICE Joint Intake Center] au 1-877-2INTAKE (877-246-8253). Si vous croyez être la victime d'un crime, veuillez en aviser le DHS en appelant le centre d'assistance des forces de l'ordre de l'ICE [ICE Law Enforcement Support Center] au (802) 872-6020.

AVISO AO DETENTO

O Departamento de Segurança Nacional (DHS) emitiu uma ordem de custódia imigratória em seu nome. Este documento é um aviso enviado às agências de imposição da lei de que o DHS pretende assumir a custódia da sua pessoa, caso seja liberado. O DHS pediu que a agência de imposição da lei encarregada da sua atual detenção mantenha-o sob custódia durante, no máximo, 48 horas (excluindo-se sábados, domingos e feriados) após o período em que seria liberado pelas autoridades estaduais ou municipais de imposição da lei, de acordo com as respectivas acusações e penas criminais. Se o DHS não assumir a sua custódia durante essas 48 horas adicionais, excluindo-se os fins de semana e feriados, você deverá entrar em contato com o seu custodiante (a agência de imposição da lei ou qualquer outra entidade que esteja detendo-o no momento) para obter informações sobre sua liberação da custódia estadual ou municipal. Caso você tenha alguma reclamação a fazer sobre esta ordem de custódia imigratória ou relacionada a violações dos seus direitos ou liberdades civis, entre em contato com o Centro de Entrada Conjunta da Agencia de Controle de Imigração e Alfândega (ICE) pelo telefone 1-877-246-8253. Se você acreditar que está sendo vítima de um crime, informe o DHS ligando para o Centro de Apoio à Imposição da Lei do ICE pelo telefone (802) 872-6020.

ICE Form I-247 (6/11) Page 2 of 3

EXHIBIT D

1	MELINDA HAAG	
2	United States Attorney JOANN M. SWANSON (CSBN 88143)	
3	Chief, Civil Division ILA C. DEISS, (NY SBN 3052909)	
4	Assistant United States Attorney 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36055	
5	San Francisco, California 94102 Telephone: (415) 436-7124	
6	Fax: (415) 436-7169 E-mail: <u>ila.deiss@usdoj.gov</u>	
7	WILLIAM ORRICK	
8	Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division DAVID J. KLINE	
9	Director COLIN A. KISOR (DC 497145)	
10	Deputy Director LANA L. VAHAB (DC 976203)	
11	Trial Attorney Office of Immigration Litigation	
12	Civil Division, Justice Department P.O. Box 868, Ben Franklin Station	
13	Washington, D.C. 20044 Tel: (202) 532-4331	
14	Fax: (202) 305-7000 E-mail: <u>colin.kisor@usdoj.gov</u>	
15	Attorneys for Federal Defendants	
16	UNITED STATES DIS	TRICT COURT
17	NORTHERN DISTRICT	OF CALIFORNIA
18	COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS OF SONOMA COUNTY, et al.,	CASE NO. CV-08-04220-RS
19	Plaintiffs,	JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION
20	V.	TO VACATE PRIOR ORDER; [PROPOSED] ORDER
21	COUNTY OF SONOMA, et al.,	L.R. 7-11
22	Defendants.	
23		
24		
25		
26		·
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Pursuant to the established practice of the court, the authorities cited below, and the parties' Settlement Agreement, effective December 5, 2011, all remaining parties hereby jointly move the Court to vacate the Order Re Motions to Dismiss dated March 10, 2010 (Dkt. 164) as moot.

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

In their Second Amended Complaint, Plaintiffs alleged that the issuance of immigration detainers to arrest any person not already in custody of a state or local law enforcement agency was not authorized by 8 C.F.R. § 287.7. See Dkt. 135 ¶¶ 164-65, 178.

On March 10, 2010, the Court issued an order dismissing Plaintiffs' claims for relief to the extent they relied on an interpretation of 8 C.F.R. § 287.7 that would not authorize issuance of immigration detainers for any person not already in the custody of a state or local law enforcement agency on an independent criminal or state-law basis ("Independent LLEA Basis for Custody").

On or about August 10, 2010, ICE issued an Interim Policy on Detainers (the "Interim Policy") that specifically instructs that immigration detainers not be issued for any person not already in the custody of a state or local law enforcement agency on an independent criminal or state-law basis.

On April 7, 2011, Plaintiffs Sanchez-Lopez and Sonato-Vega dismissed with prejudice all of their claims against all Federal Defendants.

On July 22, 2011, all Plaintiffs dismissed with prejudice all of their claims against all County Defendants.

On December 5, 2011, the remaining parties, Plaintiff Committee for Immigrant Rights of Sonoma County ("CIRSC") and Federal Defendants, entered into a settlement agreement.

¹ In the March 10, 2010 order, the Court allowed Plaintiffs' constitutional and statutory claims regarding the *application* of the regulation to proceed. Dkt. 164, p. 11, lines 1-3. JOINT MOTION
Case No. CV- 08-4220-RS

Case No. CV- 08-4220-RS

JOINT MOTION

Under the terms of that settlement agreement, the parties hereby jointly seek vacatur of the Court's March 10, 2010 order.

II. VACATUR IS APPROPRIATE BECAUSE THE INTERIM POLICY RENDERS MOOT A POTENTIAL APPEAL OF THE COURT'S MARCH 10, 2010 ORDER

ICE's unilateral decision to enact the Interim Policy has mooted Plaintiff's potential appeal of the March 10, 2010 order making vacatur appropriate. "Vacatur must... be granted where mootness results from the unilateral action of the party who prevailed in the lower court." United States Bancorp Mortg. Co. v. Bonner Mall P'ship, 513 U.S. 18, 23 (1994). On March 10, 2010, the Court upheld Federal Defendants' interpretation of 8 C.F.R. § 287.7 as allowing detainers to be issued without an Independent LLEA Basis for Custody. In August, 2010, ICE issued the Interim Policy, explicitly stating that ICE agents may not issue detainers without an Independent LLEA Basis for Custody. The adoption of the Interim Policy by the Federal Defendants constituted unilateral action, mooting the Plaintiffs' challenge to the practice of issuing detainers without an Independent LLEA Basis for Custody as well as Plaintiffs' potential appeal of the March 10, 2010 order.

The unilateral action standard for vacatur as articulated in *Bancorp* has been applied in both the Ninth Circuit and the Northern District of California to vacate decisions after the prevailing party has unilaterally changed their policy rendering a court's decision on an issue moot. In *Santa Monica Food Not Bombs v. City of Santa Monica*, 450 F.3d 1022, 1032 (9th Cir. 2006), the Ninth Circuit vacated a judgment by the district court that upheld the validity of a City of Santa Monica ordinance that required prior authorization for distribution of food on public sidewalks. After the district court granted summary judgment in favor of the defendant, the City of Santa Monica amended its food distribution policy to allow for the non-commercial distribution of food on public sidewalks in Santa Monica. *Id.* at 1029-1030. Based on this policy change, the plaintiffs abandoned their challenge to the food distribution ordinance and the

Ninth Circuit "vacate[d] the district court's judgment insofar as it upheld [the ordinance's] validity" on the grounds that the ordinance "amendments made subsequent to the filing of this suit render moot the challenge to the food distribution ordinance." *Id.* at 1032.

In *Davis, Cowell & Bowe v. Social Security Administration*, 281 F.Supp.2d 1154 (N.D. Cal. 2003), the court granted the defendant's summary judgment motion and dismissed plaintiff's Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") request on the grounds that the W-2 and W-3 statements that the plaintiffs sought constituted confidential tax information exempt from disclosure under FOIA. Following the court's order granting summary judgment, the Internal Revenue Service changed its policy regarding the treatment of W-2 and W-3 statements as confidential tax return information. Based on this change and a declaration filed by defendants, the parties jointly moved for vacatur of the court's order granting summary judgment. The court granted the motion for vacatur because, in part, the "unilateral change in policy also moots the case." *Id.* at 1156.

In the instant case, the Federal Defendants prevailed in their motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' claims for relief to the extent they were based on a regulatory interpretation that would have prohibited the issuance of detainers without an Independent LLEA Basis for Custody. Less than six months later, while the litigation was still ongoing, ICE unilaterally issued the Interim Policy which specifically prohibits the issuance of detainers without an Independent LLEA Basis for Custody. The issuance of the Interim Policy, like the amendment to the food distribution ordinance in *Santa Monica Food Not Bombs*, renders moot an appeal of the March 10, 2010 order by the Plaintiff. Thus, in accordance with the parties' settlement agreement and desire to avoid litigating any appeal of the March 10, 2010 order, Plaintiff and Defendants jointly seek the order's vacatur.

///

JOINT MOTION Case No. CV- 08-4220-RS

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1		
2	IT IS HEREBY JOINTLY REQU	JESTED that the Court vacate as moot the Order Re
3	Motions to Dismiss dated March 10, 2010	0 (Dkt. 164).
4		COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS
5		OF SONOMA COUNTY
6	DATED: December, 2011	LATHAM & WATKINS LLP
7		Alfred C. Pfeiffer Megan Bouchier
8		Jason Daniels Casey R. O'Connor
9		Robert Studley Stephanie Song
10		
11	By:	CASEY R. O'CONNOR
12		Julia Harumi Mass
13		Alan L. Schlosser
14		AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
15	· .	FOUNDATION OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA
16		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
17	DATED: December 5, 2011	Respectfully submitted,
18		MELINDA HAAG United States Atorney
19	By.	- January
20		Assistant United States Attorney
21		WILLIAM ORRICK, III.
22		Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division DAVID J. KLINE
23		Director Director
24 25	Ву:	Coli A Hisen
26		COLIN KISOR Deputy Director
27		Attorneys for Federal Defendants
28	,	
20	JOINT MOTION	

JOINT MOTION Case No. CV- 08-4220-RS

[PROPOSED] ORDER Pursuant to Joint Motion, the Court hereby vacates as moot the Order Re Motions to Dismiss, dated March 10, 2010 (Dkt. 164). IT IS SO ORDERED. RICHARD SEEBORG Dated: United States District Judge

JOINT MOTION Case No. CV- 08-4220-RS

EXHIBIT E

1 2	MELINDA HAAG United States Attorney JOANN M. SWANSON (CSBN 88143)		
3	Chief, Civil Division ILA C. DEISS, (NY SBN 3052909)		
4	Assistant United States Attorney 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36055		
5	San Francisco, California 94102 Telephone: (415) 436-7124		
6	Fax: (415) 436-7169 E-mail: <u>ila.deiss@usdoj.gov</u>		
7			
8	WILLIAM ORRICK Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Civil D DAVID J. KLINE	ivisio	n
9	Director COLIN A. KISOR (DC 497145)		
10	Deputy Director LANA L. VAHAB (DC 976203)		
11	Trial Attorney		
12	Office of Immigration Litigation Civil Division, Justice Department		
13	P.O. Box 868, Ben Franklin Station Washington, D.C. 20044 Tel: (202) 532-4331		
14	Fax: (202) 305-7000 Email: colin.kisor@usdoj.gov		
15			
16	Attorneys for Federal Defendants	TEG T	NGTRIOT COLIDT
17			DISTRICT COURT
18			CT OF CALIFORNIA
19	SAN FRA	NCIS.	CO DIVISION
20	COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS OF SONOMA COUNTY,	}	No. C 08-4220 RS
21	Plaintiff,		STIPULATION TO DISMISS ALL
22	V.		REMAINING CLAIMS BROUGHT BY PLAINTIFF COMMITTEE FOR
23	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND)	IMMIGRANTS RIGHTS OF SONOMA COUNTY AGAINST FEDERAL
24	SECURITY, IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT;	{	DEFENDANTS WITH PREJUDICE; and [proposed] ORDER
25	DEPORTATION OFFICER MARIO HUELGA and SPECIAL AGENT CHRIS	{	[proposed] ORDER
26	MERENDINO, in their official capacities,)′	
27	Defendants.		
28			
	STIPULATED DISMISSAL		

C 08-4220 RS

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WHEREAS, on December 5, 2011, remaining Plaintiff Committee for Immigrant Rights of Sonoma County (CIRSC) and the remaining Federal Defendants entered into a Settlement Agreement resolving all remaining claims in this Action,

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED that all remaining claims brought by Plaintiff CIRSC against the Federal Defendants be dismissed with prejudice pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(1)(ii) and the parties' December 5, 2011 Settlement Agreement, each party to bear its own

> COMMITTEE FOR IMMIGRANT RIGHTS OF SONOMA COUNTY

LATHAM & WATKINS LLP Alfred C. Pfeiffer Megan Bouchier Jason Daniels Casey R. O'Connor Robert Studley Stephanie Song

By:

CASEY R. O'CONNOR

Julia Harumi Mass Alan L. Schlosser

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION FOUNDATION OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

STIPULATED DISMISSAL

1	DATED: December 5, 2011 Respectfully submitted,
2	
3	MELINDA HAAG United States Attorney
4	By:
5	ILA DEISS Assistant United States Attorney
6	WILLIAM ORRICK, III.
7	Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division DAVID J. KLINE Director
8	Director
9 ·	DATED: December く, 2011 By: COLNKISOR
10	Deputy Director
11	. Attorneys for Federal Defendants
12	
13	
14	[Proposed] ORDER
15	Description of the String Lating
i	i Pursuani io Suduianon
16	Pursuant to Stipulation, IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case
16 17	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case.
	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case.
17 18	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21 22	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21 22	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	IT IS SO ORDERED. The Clerk shall close this case. Dated: RICHARD SEEBORG

STIPULATED DISMISSAL C 08-4220 RS