### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

ABDULRAHMAN CHERRI, WISSAM CHARAFEDDINE, ALI SULEIMAN ALI, and,	)		
KHEIREDDINE BOUZID,	)	Case No.	
MILINEDDINE BOOLID,	)	Hon.	
Plaintiffs,	)	Magistrate:	
i idilitiis,	)	Wagisti atc.	
V.	)		
•	)		
ROBERT S. MUELLER, III, in his official	)		
capacity as Director of the Federal Bureau	)		
of Investigation;	,		
of investigation,	`		
MICHAEL J. FISHER, in his official capacity	)		
as Chief of the United States Border Patrol;	)		
as Chief of the Officed States Border Patrol,	)		
IOHN C DISTOLE in his official conscitues	)		
JOHN S. PISTOLE, in his official capacity as	)		
Administrator of the Transportation Security	)		
Administration; )	,		
DODEDT D. THOMBOON: 1: 1: 1 1	)		
<b>ROBERT B. THOMPSON</b> , in his individual	)		
capacity;	)		
TERRICOVOLONICATA : 1: : 1: : 1	)		
JEFF SOKOLOWSKI, in his individual	)		
capacity; )			
	)		
UNIDENTIFIED FBI AGENTS, in their	)		
individual capacities; )			
	)		
UNIDENTIFIED CBP AGENTS, in their	)		
individual capacities; and, )			
	)		
UNIDENTIFIED TSA AGENTS, in their	)		
individual capacities;	)		
	)		
Defendants.	)		

### COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

Plaintiffs, AB DULRAHMAN CHE RRI, W ISSAM CHAR AFEDDINE, ALI SULEIMAN ALI, and KHEIREDDINE BOUZID, through undersigned counsel, state as follows:

### **Parties**

- 1. Plaintiff Abdulrahman Cherri is a United State's Citizen and a Muslim residing in Wayne County, Michigan, within this district.
- 2. Plaintiff Wissam Charafeddine is a United States Citizen and a Muslim residing in Wayne County, Michigan, within this district.
- 3. Plaintiff Ali Suleim an Ali is a U nited States Citizen and a Muslim residing Wayne County, Michigan, within this district.
- 4. Plaintiff Kheireddine Bouzid is a U nited States Citizen and a Muslim of residing in Washtenaw County, Michigan, within this district.
- 5. Defendant Robert S. Muelle r is Director of the Feder al Bureau of Investigation ("FBI"). Defendant Mueller is being sued in his official capacity, only.
- 6. Defendant Robert B. Thom pson is an agent employed by the FBI and is being sued in his individual capacity.
- 7. Defendant Jeff Sokolowski is an agent em ployed by the FBI and is being sued in his individual capacity.
- 8. Defendant Michael J. Fisher is Chief of the United States Border Patro 1 ("CBP"). Defendant Fisher is being sued in his official capacity, only.
- 9. Defendant John S. Pi stole is Adm inistrator of the Transportation Security Administration ("TSA"). Defendant Pistole is being sued in his official capacity, only.

10. Defendants Unidentified FBI Agents, Unidentified CBP Agents, and Unidentified TSA Agents are employed by their respective agencies and are being sued in their individual capacities.

### **Jurisdiction and Venue**

- 11. Under U.S. Const. Art. III §2, this Court has jurisdiction because the rights sought to be prote cted her ein are secu red by the Unite d States Constitution. Jurisdiction is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, *Bivens v. Six Unknown Named Agents of Federal Bureau of Narcotics*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971), Religious Freedo m Restoration Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000bb, *et seq.*, and federal common law.
- 12. This action also seeks declaratory reli ef pursuant to the Declaratory Judgm ent Act, 28 U.S.C. § § 2201-02, Rules 57 and 65 of th e Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and pursuant to the general, legal, and equitable powers of this Court.
- 13. A substantial part of the unlawful acts alleged herein were committed within the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan.
- 14. Venue is p roper under 42 U.S.C. § 1391( e) as to all Defendants because Defendants are officers of agencies of the Un ited States sued in their official ca pacity and because this judicial district is where all Plain tiffs reside and where a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred.

### **Factual Background**

### Abdulrahman Cherri

15. On or about March, 2010, Plaintiff Abdulra hman Cherri ("Cherri") crossed the United States-Canada border for the purposes of reentering the United States.

- 16. On or about that day, Cherri was s ubjected to an invasive body search, a prolonged detention lasting se veral hours, and prolonged ques tioning about his religion and religious practices.
- 17. After that day in March, 2010, Cherri crossed the United S tates-Canada border more than six times, and each time he crossed, Cherri was repeatedly subjected to invasive body searches, fingerprinted, detained for several hours, and questioned regarding his religion and religious practices.
- 18. During all detentions at the United States-Canada border, one or more Defendants asked Cherri substantially similar questions regarding his place of worship, the location sat which he worships, and how frequently he attends his primary place of worship.
- 19. Cherri was subjected to substantially similar treatment and questioning by one or more Defendants every time he crossed the United States-Canada border since March, 2010.
- 20. On or about May, 2011, Cherri w as also asked substantially similar questions pertaining to his religion and religious practices by two FBI Agents, Defendants Agent Robert B. Thompson and Agent Jeff Sokolowski, at his home.
- 21. Cherri continues to be subjected to the e same prolonged detentions and religious questioning each time he crosses the United States-Canada border.
- 22. As of the date of this filing, Cherri ha s not been provided with a reason for being subjected to the above treatment.

### **Wissam Charafeddine**

23. On or about Nove mber, 2008, Plaintiff W issam Charafeddine ("Charafeddine") crossed the United States-Canada border for the purposes of reentering the United States.

- 24. On that day, Charafeddine's vehicle was surrounded by arm ed CBP Agents, and Charafeddine was handcuffed, subjected to an invasive body search, a prolonged detention lasting several hours, and prolonged questioning about his religion and religious practices.
- 25. After that day in Novem ber, 2008, Char afeddine cro ssed the United States Canada border more than six times, including as recent as December, 2010.
- 26. Each time Charafeddine crossed the United States-Canada border, his vehicle was surrounded by armed CBP Agents, and he was handcuffed, subjected to an invasive body search, fingerprinted, and detained for several hours.
- 27. During all six detentions at the United States-Canada border, Charafeddine was questioned by one or more Defendants about his religion and religious practices.
- 28. Charafeddine continues to be subjected to the same prolonged detentions and religious questioning each time he crosses the United States-Canada border.
- 29. As of the date of this filing, Charafeddine has not been provided with a reason for being subjected to the above treatment.

#### Ali Suleiman Ali

- 30. Plaintiff Ali Suleim an Ali ("Ali") cro ssed the United States-Canada bo rder and multiple United States international air ports of entry for the purposes of reentering the United States.
- 31. At both the United State s-Canada border and multiple United States international air ports of entry, Ali was handcuffed, subjected to prolonged detentions lasting several hours, and subjected to prolonged questioning by one or more Defendants about his religious philosophy and religious views, religious practices, and the locations at which he worships.

- 32. Ali continues to be subjected to the same prolonged detentions and prolonged religious questioning when he crosses the U nited States-Canada border and United States international ports of entry, including as recent as December, 2011.
- 33. As of the date of this f iling, Ali has not been provided with a reason for being subjected to the above treatment.

### **Kheireddine Bouzid**

- 34. On or about August 24, 2008, Plaintiff Kh eireddine Bouzid ("Bouzid") crossed the United States-Canada border for the purposes of reentering the United States.
- 35. On that day on or about August 24, 2008, Bouzid's vehicle was surrounded by armed CBP Agents with their guns drawn, and Bouzid was handcuffe d, subjected to an invasive body search, a prolonged detention lasting severa 1 hours, and prolonged questioning about his religion and religious practices.
- 36. After that day on or about August 24, 2008, Bouzid crossed the United States-Canada border more than four times, including as recent as July, 2010, and each time he crossed the United States-Canada border, Bouzid's vehi cle was surrounded by arm ed CBP Agents with their guns drawn, and Bouzid w as handcuffed, subjected to an invasive body search, fingerprinted, detained for several hours, an d questioned about his religion and religious practices.
- 37. During all detentions at the United States-Canada border, one or more Defendants questioned Bouzid regarding his place of worship, whether he prays five times a day, which Islamic sect he follows, and whether he prays his early morning prayer at his primary place of worship.

- 38. During at least one detention at the Un ited States-Canada Border, Bouzid was held in what he describes as a storage room and handcuffed to a stool.
- 39. During at least one detention at the Un ited States-Canada Border, Bouzid was held in what he describes as a jail cell.
- 40. Bouzid continues to be subjected to the same prolonged detentions and religious questioning each time he crosses the United States-Canada border.
- 41. As of the date of this filing, Bouzid has not been provided with a reason for being subjected to the above treatment.

### **Defendants' Questioning of Religious Practices**

- 42. CBP and TSA Agents are respo nsible for screen ing travelers who presen t themselves at ports of entry in order to enter the United States.
- 43. CBP and TSA Agents som etimes pull tr avelers aside and subject them to additional questioning, searches of their persons, or searches of their property and vehicles before allowing them to enter the United States.
- 44. Upon information and belief, Defendants began implementing a policy or a course of conduct under which Defendants ask Muslim Amer ican travelers attempting to re-enter the United States through the United States-Canada border at multiple international ports of entry a detailed list of questions about their religious beliefs and religious practices.
- 45. Upon information and belief, citizens of other faiths are not questioned about their religious beliefs and religious practices.
- 46. Defendants' course of conduct or pol icy includes asking Muslim Am erican travelers, at m inimum, a fixed set of questions about their Islam ic religious practices, which include, but are not limited to the following:

- a. Which mosque do you go to?
- b. How many times a day do you pray?
- c. Who is your religious leader?
- d. Do you perform your morning prayer at the mosque?
- 47. The questio ning and tr eatment described abov e hum iliates Muslim Am erican travelers, such as Plaintiffs, and wrongfully stig matizes them as violent threats based solely on a subjective assessment of their religious beliefs.
- 48. On March 24, 2011, the Council on Am erican-Islamic Relations, Michigan ("CAIR-MI") filed a complaint with the Of fice of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties, DHS, on behalf of the Plain tiffs and other Muslim Americans that reported similar treatment and questioning related to their religion and religious practices.
- 49. In a letter dated May 3, 2011 written in response to the complaint filed on March 24, 2011, Ms. Margo Schlanger, Officer for Civil Ri ghts and Civil Liberties, DHS, stated that "Under 6 U.S.C. § 345 and 42 U.S.C. § 2000 ee-1, our complaint process does not provide individuals with legal or procedur al rights or remedies. Ac cordingly, this Office is not able to obtain any legal remedies or damages on your behalf or that of the above complainants."
- 50. The policy described above does not furthe r any legitimate border patrol purpose or compelling government interest.

# COUNT I VIOLATION OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT

### TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

51. Plaintiffs hereby reallege and incorpor ate by reference the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

- 52. In choosing to exercise their religion, Pl aintiffs are engaging in a constitutionally protected activity.
- 53. The action of targeting and detaining Pl aintiffs with a purpose of questioning them about their religious beliefs and practices violates the First Am endment rights of Plaintiffs as guaranteed by the United States Constitution.
- 54. The detailed and invasive questioning of Pl aintiffs about their religious practices and the Def endants' explicit policy that m andates the abov e-described treatment constitute an adverse action against Plaintiffs.
- 55. The explicit policy of targeting Plaintiffs and questioning them regarding their religious beliefs would deter an individual of ordinary firm ness from openly exercising his/her right to practice his/her religion. Prolonged dete ntions and interrogations based on Plaintiffs' religious practices constitute ha rassment and retaliation that have caused psychological harm to Plaintiffs.
- 56. Gathering information about Plaintiffs' religious practices and beliefs does not serve a legitimate or valid law enforcement purpose or a compelling state interest.
- 57. Defendants' m otive in targ eting Plainti ffs for a specif ic line of religious questioning at the border is both discriminatory and retaliatory.

Wherefore, Plaintiffs request this Honorable Court gran t injunctive relief barring Defendants from engaging in further unconstitutional practices in questioning Plaintiffs about their religious beliefs and religious practices, compensatory damages against the individual defendants, plus all such othe relief this Court deems just and proper including costs and attorneys' fees incurred in this action.

# COUNT II VIOLATION OF THE FIFTH AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

- 58. Plaintiffs hereby reallege and incorpor ate by reference the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 59. All Plaintiffs have been subjected to a strikingly similar, if not identical, line of questioning about their religious beliefs and religious practices as Muslim Americans by Defendants at the United States-Canada border and other international ports of entry.
- 60. The decision to target P laintiffs for a specific line of religious questioning based solely on the religious beliefs and religious practices violates the Equal Protection rights of Plaintiffs guaranteed by the Fifth Amendment to the United States Constitution, in that persons of other faiths similarly situated as Plaintiffs are not asked similar questions about their religion and religious practices.
- 61. Questioning Plaintiffs about their religion and religious practices does not serve a compelling state interest.

Wherefore, Plaintiffs request this Honorable Court gran t injunctive relief barring Defendants from engaging in further unconstitutional practices in questioning Plaintiffs about their religious beliefs and religious practices, compensatory damages against the individual defendants, plus all such othe relief this Court deems just and proper including costs and attorneys' fees incurred in this action.

#### **COUNT III**

## VIOLATION OF THE RELIGIOUS FREEDOM RESTORATION ACT (42 U.S.C. § 2000bb, et seq.)

- 62. Plaintiffs hereby reallege and incorpor ate by reference the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 63. Defendants' actions of targeting and de taining Plain tiffs with a p urpose of questioning them about their re ligious beliefs and practices s ubstantially burden Plaintiffs' religious exercise of Islam.
  - 64. Defendants' actions are not in furtherance of a compelling government interest.
- 65. Even assum ing the Defendants' actions furthered a compelling government interest, targeting and detaining Plaintiffs with the purpose of questioning them about their religious beliefs and religious practices is not the least restrictive means of furthering any such interest.
- 66. As a direct and prox imate cause of Defe ndants' actions, Plai ntiffs have been harmed.
- 67. Plaintiffs' harm includes, but is not lim ited to, a chilling effect on Plaintiffs' and other Muslim Americans' right to free exercise of religion and free speech, and they are entitled to all legal and equitable remedies under the Religious Freedom Restoration Act (the "Act").
- 68. Defendants' unlawful a ctions caused Plaint iffs harm and they are e ntitled to injunctive relief, and c ompensatory dam ages against the individual Defendants, and all such other relief this Court deems just and proper in addition to costs and attorneys' fees, as provided under the Act.

Wherefore, Plaintiffs request this Honorable Court gran t injunctive relief barring

Defendants from engaging in further unconstitutional practices in questioning Plaintiffs about

their re ligious belief's and religious practices, compensatory da mages against the individual Defendants, plus all such other relief this Court deems just and proper, in addition to costs and attorneys' fees as provided for under the Act.

### WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request:

- 1. A declaratory judgment that Defendants' policies, practices, and customs violate the First and Fifth Am endments to the United States Constitution, and the Religious Freedom Restoration Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000bb, et seq.;
- 2. An injunction that:
  - a. bars Defendants from engaging in fu rther unconstitutional practices by questioning Plaintiffs about their religious beliefs and religious practices, and,
  - b. requires Def endants to rem edy the constitutional and statutory violations identified above, including, but not limited to, eliminating any existing policy whereby Plaintiffs, other Muslim Americans, and others similarly situated are subject to religious questioning at ports of entry;
- An award of attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses of all litigation, pursuant to 28
   U.S.C. § 2412; and,
- 4. Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

### **JURY DEMAND**

NOW COME Plaintiffs, by and through their undersigned counsel, and hereby demended trial by jury of the above-referenced causes of action.

### Respectfully submitted,

### AKEEL & VALENTINE, PLLC

### /s/ Shereef Akeel

SHEREEF H. AKEEL (P54345) SYED H. AKBAR (P67967) Attorneys for Plaintiffs 888 W. Big Beaver Rd., Ste. 910 Troy, MI 48084 Phone: (248) 269-9595 shereef@akeelvalentine.com

### AKEEL & VALENTINE, PLLC

### /s/ Syed Akbar

Attorney for Plaintiffs 888 W. Big Beaver Rd., Ste. 910 Troy, MI 48084 Phone: (248) 269-9595 hakbar@akeelvalentine.com

### COUNCIL ON AMERICAN-ISLAMIC RELATIONS

### /s/ Gadeir Abbas

GADEIR I. ABBAS (VA #: 81161)
Attorney for Plaintiffs
453 New Jersey Avenue, SE
Washington, DC 20003
Phone: (202) 742-6410
gabbas@cair.com

### COUNCIL ON AMERICAN-ISLAMIC RELATIONS, MICHIGAN

### /s/ Lena Masri

LENA F. MASRI (P73461) Attorney for Plaintiffs 21700 Northwestern Hwy, Ste. 815 Southfield, MI 48075 Phone: (248) 559-2247 lmasri@cair.com

### COUNCIL ON AMERICAN-ISLAMIC RELATIONS, OHIO

/s/ Jennifer Nimer\_

JENNIFER NIMER (OH#: 0079475) Attorney for Plaintiffs 1505 Bethel Road, Ste. 200 Columbus, OH 43220 Phone: (614) 783-7953 jnimer@cair.com

Dated: April 13, 2012