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1 2		Т	HE HONORABL	E JAMES L. ROBART
3 4 5				
6 7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE			
8 9 10 11 12	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Plaintiff, vs. CITY OF SEATTLE Defendant.		CONSENSUS S	JM SUBMITTING SEATTLE POLICE Γ PERFORMANCE
13 14 15	Intro	duction		
16	Pursuant to $\P\P$ 157–63 of the Settlement Agreement, the Parties and the Monitor hereby			-
17	submit the Seattle Police Department ("SPD")'s Performance Mentoring Policy for the Court's			
18	review and approval.			
19	As with several other SPD policies reviewed and approved by this Court, this policy resulted			
20	from vigorous negotiations between the Parties, facilitated by the Monitor and other members of			
21	the M onitoring T eam. Its adoption is a keys tarting point f or the S PD's proactive r isk			
22	management strategy of identifying and correcting possible problematic behavior. The Monitor			enavior. I ne Monitor
23	recommends the policy's adoption for the reaso		ν.	
24 25	MEMORANDUM SUBMITTING CONSENSUS SEATTLE P DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE MENTORING POLICY -		Polic PO I Los	ick J. Bobb, Monitor e Assessment Resource Center Box 27445 Angeles, CA 90027) 623-5757

Case No. C12-1282JLR

(213) 623-5757

I. Early Warning Systems

In major investigations of law enforcement agencies with serious and dramatic instances of excessive force—such as the Rodney King incident involving the LAPD in 1991 that led to the Christopher C ommission, or f our hi ghly controversial s hootings of African-American an d Latinos that prompted the Kolts investigation of the LASD—investigators have routinely found that t he l aw enforcement a gencies i nvolved di d not s ystematically and c onsistently track a n officer's us e of force, c omplaints from t he public, of ficer-involved s hootings, l itigation, a nd administrative investigations, among other topics. As a result, police management did not know and c ould not de termine w hich of ficers had u sed f orce m ore r egularly than other o fficer's conduct l ed t o l itigation a nd how of ten, a nd w hether t he of ficer h ad be en i nvestigated administratively for repeat policy violations or criminal misconduct.

The result of those issues in LA was a call for a computerized system to collect data that would e nable d epartments to r igorously capture da ta about of ficer p erformance in or der t o identify and correct possible problematic behavior early on. A n "early warning system" (also referred t o a s an "early in tervention system") id entifies o fficers that the data in dicates may become a significant problem, even if direct supervision finds the individual incidents "within policy." The data alone is not used to "pass judgment" on individual incidents or on whether a pattern of p roblematic behavior in f act ex ists. M anagement m ust as sess the d ata and, i f appropriate, may then intervene to provide behavioral or performance intervention with the goal of avoiding further problematic behavior by the officer and saving his or her career before it is too late.

Early warning s ystems have, over the past twenty years, become key elements of police reform and are now commonplace in police departments large and small. Generally, an early warning s ystem makes use of triggers: S upervisors and managers are informed when officers under their supervision meet or exceed established thresholds a cross the various categories of

data that an early warning system considers. F or example, if an officer receives three or more complaints from the public in a 12-month period, the precinct is alerted and the supervisors and managers m ust consider w hether t he officer s hould be s ubject t o a full-scale review and placement in a mentoring program. In the S PD, t he early warning s ystem i s called E arly Intervention System, or EIS. Its existence predated the Settlement Agreement.

In its 2011 report, the Department of Justice found several flaws in SPD's EIS system. First, the EIS triggers were set too high. Second, the interventions that follow an EIS trigger happened far too long after the triggering incident, which diminished the effectiveness of the intervention and the ability to remedy an officer's behavior. Third, the EIS review by the supervisor was often superficial at best. Finally, SPD failed to track officers over time to see if the interventions had successfully addressed the concerning behavior that initially triggered the EIS. The new policy seeks to address all these deficiencies.

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Paragraphs 157 a nd 158 of the Settlement A greement describe, in general, how the SPD's EIS system should operate:

The SPD's Performance Mentoring System

157. T he C ity's E IS s ystem w ill continue t o be us ed f or r isk m anagement purposes and not for disciplinary purposes. SPD will monitor the EIS to ensure it is meeting its objective of providing SPD with notice before behaviors become problematic.

158. SPD will review and adjust, where appropriate, the threshold levels for each of the EIS indicator criteria, and the EIS indicators. The Monitor will review and approve the revised EIS threshold levels and indicators.

The Parties accordingly drafted and negotiated SPD Policy 3.070 with input from the Monitoring

- ²⁰ Team. A copy of that policy is attached hereto as Exhibit A. At ¶ 3.070-POL, the revised policy
- 21 provides that:
 - Once an SPD officer ex ceeds a p reset trigger of risk factors described below, a Performance Mentoring Assessment will be conducted. An assessment may also be conducted at the discretion of a supervisor as part of his or her ongoing duties to monitor officer conduct and maintain performance standards.

24 MEMORANDUM SUBMITTING CONSENSUS SEATTLE POLICE
25 DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE MENTORING POLICY - 3
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II.

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The progress of the employee will be carefully tracked, and the employee's chain of c ommand s hall b e pe rsonally responsible a nd a ccountable for t he implementation of t he individual pr ogram a nd s uch ot her s teps as may b e necessary to ad dress an y at-risk be havior, de monstrated indicators of s tress, or training d eficiencies, and u ltimately achieve t he p rofessional goals s et for t he officer.

The P rogram is separate f rom, and d oes n ot r eplace, t he existing s ystem of discipline f or v iolations o f p olicy. D epartment e mployees r emain f ully accountable for adhering to policy and performance standards. N onetheless, the Performance M entoring Program seeks to i dentify and change at-risk behaviors before policy violations a rise. The goal is t o intervene and of fer a ssistance b y identifying a nd m odifying possible pr oblematic be haviors be fore t hey r esult i n actions t hat a re c ontrary t o t he m ission a nd f undamental v alues of t he S eattle Police D epartment, in cluding its c ommitment to c onstitutional p olicing and upholding lawful, professional and ethical standards.

The Performance Mentoring Program represents the Department's commitment to coach and m entor its of ficers a nd t o hol d t he e ntire c hain o f c ommand accountable f or addressing pr oblematic be havior and m anaging r isk t o officers and the public.

The pr ogram i s de signed t o s upport t he e mployee t hrough m entoring a nd coaching b y s upervisors. T he us e o f t he P erformance M entoring P rogram provides employees:

- Training/Education
- Job performance feedback
- Other pathways to improve performance
- Consistent oversight and supervision
- A clear message to officers that the Department has resources available to assist officers in meeting expectations.

The Policy requires that patrol s ergeants and c ommanders at least once a m onth m ust

review f or t he employees t hey s upervise w hether t he t hresholds ha ve be en m et or

exceeded. Policy 3.070-POL-1 (1). They are required to initiate a performance mentoring

assessment of any employee who meets or exceeds the thresholds. *Id.* at (2).

The supervisory a nd m anagerial pe ronnel must a llow a noppor tunity f or t he affected employee to identify any errors in the data. *Id.* T hey must then conduct a thorough review,

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including c ertain p rior f ormal pe rformance appraisals, and of a ny additional i nformation t hat would be relevant to the identified performance issues. *Id*.

In addition to monthly reviews of current employees, the new SPD policy requires a similar review when an individual joins a new unit, when considering promotion or selection of a given officer to become a Field Training Officer, a member of a Special Unit, or a higher or bonus pay position:

Consistent with past practice, the data underlying performance mentoring criteria thresholds m ay be c onsidered w hen a n o fficer a pplies f or p romotion or f or selection for a specialty unit, as a training officer, or for any higher or bonus pay position t o t he de gree that t he s ubject m atter is r elevant to the p osition o r assignment s ought. Closed c omplaints with f indings of 1 awful a nd p roper or unfounded, pe rformance mentoring pl ans s uccessfully c ompleted b y a n officer, and complaints that do not trigger performance mentoring thresholds are generally not relevant to a promotion or assignment decision.

Nothing in this policy precludes the consideration of performance-related criteria for promotions, s election f or field training of ficer, s pecialty unit, or higher or bonus pay positions.

12 *Id.* at (3, 4).

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If the assessment is that a performance mentoring plan for the officer is desirable, it is

drafted at the precinct level and makes its way to the Department-wide Performance Review

15 Committee:

The c ommittee's r esponsibility is to e nsure D epartment-wide c onsistency a nd uniformity in the implementation of the P erformance M entoring P rogram. T he committee i s f urther r esponsible f or de termining w hether t he pe rformance assessments and proposed P erformance M entoring P lans are adequate to address concerns about any at-risk behavior, demonstrated indicators of stress, or training deficiencies, and t o pr ovide the officer with the tools and s upport ne cessary t o ensure that he or s he adheres to D epartment policy and the lawful, professional and ethical standards of the D epartment. The committee will be responsible for reviewing a nd adjusting, where appropriate, t he t hreshold l evels of t he Performance M entoring in dicator c riteria. N ew in dicator c riteria w ill a lso b e considered w hen a nd i f a ppropriate. The committee's r ecommendations f or adjusting/changing indicator thresholds will be subject to approval from the Chief of Police.

Id. at (8).

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The specific performance mentoring plan for a given employee is then reviewed up the chain of command to a Bureau Chief for final approval. *Id.* at (9).

The C ommittee has a P erformance M entoring C oordinator. The dut ies of t he Performance M entoring C oordinator g o be yond overseeing the implementation of a m entoring plan for a police officer. Importantly, the Coordinator conducts an inquiry to identify specific supervisors i n or der t o i dentify supervisors i n ne ed of additional s kills a nd t raining. The Coordinator m ust a dditionally d etermine w hether t he of ficer's i mmediate s upervisor has a adequately overseen the officer's performance in the past and is doing so currently. 3.070-TS K-1. The Coordinator reviews progress reports that are prepared twice monthly and forwards them to the lieutenant overseeing the mentoring plan. The Coordinator does so until the plan has been fully implemented and closed.

III. Thresholds

The specific thresholds, or triggers, are set forth at \P 's 3.070-POL-2 (1). The threshold time periods exist on a rolling basis: for example, if an officer gets in two vehicle pursuits within any period of six consecutive months, he or she has met the threshold level. The thresholds are:

Indicator Cri	teria	Threshold Levels
	f-command endations	Each will be reviewed
	force (Type I)	Reaching the top 1% of officers who have used force investigated at Type I within 6 months
C. Use-of-f	orce (Type II and Type III)	Reaching the top 5% of officers who have used force investigated at Type II or Type III within 6

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D. Vehicle collisions	2 Department vehicle collisions within 12 months
E. Receipt of OPA complaints	3 complaints within 12 months
F. Receipt of EEO complaints	2 complaints within 12 months
G. Named in police actions claims or lawsuits against the City	2 within 24 months
H. Vehicle pursuits	2 within 6 months
I. Unexcused failure to appear in mandatory training	1 within 12 months
J. K9 apprehension-bite ratio	More than 15% K-9 apprehension bite ratio in a 12 month period
K. Officer-involved shooting	Single incident threshold
An additional Performance Mentoring Assessment will be conducted at the aggregate level	
when an employee has a total of five (5) indicators between $A - J$ within six (6) months of	
the completion of his or her last Mentoring Plan or his or her sworn date.	
IV. Supervisor Responsibilities	
The P olicy at ¶ 3.070 -POL 2(3) r equires t he s ergeant supervising t he P erformance	
Mentoring Plan to consider the following:	
MEMORANDUM SUBMITTING CONSENSUS SEATTLE POLICE	Merrick J. Bobb, Monitor Police Assessment Resource Center

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Sergeants shall carry out strategies to correct and modify the behaviors identified by t he P erformance Mentoring P rogram. B ased o n each circumstance, performance mentoring of employees may include, without limitation:

- Regular and consistent conversations with employees a bout i ssues and incidents that affect behavior and performance.
- Sergeant ride-alongs with employees
- Sergeant a ccompaniment o f em ployees o n at l east f our calls/traffic stops/citizen contacts per work week.
- After action debriefs of significant events, arrests or other incidents that are an indicator criteria for the Performance Mentoring Program.
- Review of the employees training hi story and possible r eferral to the Education and Training Section for additional training and/or assistance.
- Identifying and supporting positive behaviors.

The dut ies of t he l ieutenant i nclude r ecommending t o t he c aptain a t t he c ompletion of t he designated r eview pe riod, w hether or not e mployee should b e r emoved f rom p erformance mentoring program or that the program be extended for another specified time. T he captain's determination is r eviewed and a pproved or disapproved by the relevant Bureau C hief. *Id.* at TSK-3,4.

V. Accountability

It is very important to not e that the Performance Mentoring Committee does not only consider the performance of the rank-and-file police of ficer but a lso of the supervisory and managerial personnel at a given precinct or unit. The Committee assesses whether the lieutenants or captains or both are adequately holding sergeants accountable for their supervision of officers under their command. The Committee further examines whether SPD executives are holding captains accountable for managing the risk of police misconduct in their units. *Id.* at TSK-5.

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Conclusion

The Performance Mentoring Policy before this Court is a joint effort of the Parties with input f rom t he M onitoring T eam. T he M onitor r ecommends approval of t his policy. Its complete imp lementation w ill advance t he S PD's m ovement t oward f ull an d ef fective compliance with the Settlement Agreement. Particularly noteworthy is that all officers up to the executive level—including line officers, sergeants, lieutenants, and captains—will be evaluated by the Committee for failures of supervision. Although the Policy could be more explicit on the point, t he M onitor's approval of t he P olicy hi nges upon t he a vailability of pe rformance mentoring for each of these ranks in addition to whatever other steps should be taken for failure to perform to duty. The Monitoring Team will be closely evaluating the implemented.

In l ight of t he foregoing, t he M onitor r ecommends a pproval o f t he P erformance Mentoring Policy.

DATED this 3rd day of March, 2014.

Merrick J. Bobb, Monitor

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1 2	The C ourt h ereby ap proves t he consensus S eattle P olice D epartment Performance M entoring Policy filed herewith as Exhibit A and orders its implementation forthwith.
3	DONE IN OPEN COURT this day of, 2014.
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6	THE HONORABLE JAMES L. ROBART UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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24	MEMORANDUM SUBMITTING CONSENSUS SEATTLE POLICE Merrick J. Bobb, Monitor
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on the 3rd day of March, 2014, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will send notification of such filing to the following attorneys of record:

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9 20	DATED this 3 rd day of	March, 2014.

<u>/s/ Carole Corona</u> Carole Corona

MEMORANDUM SUBMITTING CONSENSUS SEATTLE POLICE DEPARTMENT PERFORMANCE MENTORING POLICY - 11 Case No. C12-1282JLR

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EXHIBIT A

Seattle Police Manual

3.070 – Performance Mentoring Program

Effective Date: TBD

3.070-POL

This policy applies to the use of the Performance Mentoring Program. The Performance Mentoring Program shall employ risk management strategies that are not punitive or disciplinary in nature.

The Performance Mentoring Program is a key element in the SPD's strategy to address at-risk behavior. Once an SPD officer exceeds a preset trigger of risk factors described below, a Performance Mentoring Assessment will be conducted. An assessment may also be conducted at the discretion of a supervisor as part of his or her ongoing duties to monitor officer conduct and maintain performance standards.

The progress of the employee will be carefully tracked, and the employee's chain of command shall be personally responsible and accountable for the implementation of the individual program and such other steps as may be necessary to address any at-risk behavior, demonstrated indicators of stress, or training deficiencies, and ultimately achieve the professional goals set for the officer.

The Program is separate from, and does not replace, the existing system of discipline for violations of policy.

Department employees remain fully accountable for adhering to policy and performance standards. Nonetheless, the Performance Mentoring Program seeks to identify and change at-risk behaviors before policy violations arise. The goal is to intervene and offer assistance by identifying and modifying possible problematic behaviors before they result in actions that are contrary to the mission and fundamental values of the Seattle Police Department, including its commitment to constitutional policing and upholding lawful, professional and ethical standards.

The Performance Mentoring Program represents the Department's commitment to coach and mentor its officers and to hold the entire chain of command accountable for addressing problematic behavior and managing risk to officers and the public.

The program is designed to support the employee through mentoring and coaching by supervisors. The use of the Performance Mentoring Program provides employees:

- Training/Education
- Job performance feedback
- Other pathways to improve performance
- Consistent oversight and supervision
- A clear message to officers that the Department has resources available to assist officers in meeting expectations.

Except as required by law, contract, or policy, information relating to the Performance Mentoring Program shall be considered confidential and is not to be shared with persons not having access to the Performance Mentoring Program. Violations of this policy may result in discipline.

3.070-POL-1 Oversight of the Performance Mentoring Program

1. Sergeants and Commanders Are Required to Review the Performance Mentoring Criteria Thresholds of the Employees They Supervise at Least Once Monthly

Section chains of command will be responsible for ensuring that all levels of supervision utilize the IAPro software for this purpose. IAPro software will include a mechanism to ensure these reviews are documented a nd tra cked by supe rvisors and commanders. When conducting reviews, supervisors and commanders shall enter a notation containing the date and time of the review, as well as the actions they took. If there is foll ow-up action based on thi s monthly review, the supervi sor or commander shall document that.

The Performance Mentoring Coordinator will provide section captai ns wit h mont hly up dates of the Performance Mentoring criteria thre sholds related to the officers under their command.

2. Sergeants and Commanders Are Required to Initiate a Performance Mentoring Assessment ("PMA") of any Employee they Supervise that Meets Criteria Thresholds

If an employee meets Performance Mentoring Criteria Assessment Thresholds, the employee's supervisor will conduct a Performance Mentoring Assessment. The PMA includes reviewing the Performance Mentoring Criteria thresholds and promptly notifying the affected employee if he or she has met any performance thresholds and affording the employee an opportunity to identify any errors in the data. If the information in the PMP is accurate, the sergeant or commander must also review at least the last two performance evaluations in the Performance Appraisal System (PAS), documentation relating to the underlying incident(s) reflected in the PMP indicator, and any additional information that would be relevant to the identified performance issues.

A supervisor, commander or civilian manager may, at his or her discreti on, cont act the Performance Mentoring Coordinator to initiate the PMP and assign a PMA to that chain of command.

- 3. Upon Having an Officer Transfer Into His or Her Squad or Unit of Command, a Sergeant or Commander Shall Review the Performance Ment oring Cr iteria Thresholds of That Employee, and Will Document Having Done So
- 4. Review of Data Underlying Performance Mentoring Criteria Thresholds When Considering Promotion or Selection for Field Training Officer, Specialty Unit or Higher or Bonus Pay Position

Consistent with past practice, the data underlying performance mentoring criteria thresholds may be considered when an officer applies for promotion or for selection for a specialty unit, as a training officer, or for any higher or bonus pay position to the degree that the subject matter is relevant to the position or assignment sought. Closed complaints with findings of lawful and proper or unfounded, performance mentoring plans successfully completed by an officer, and complaints that do not trigger performance mentoring thresholds are generally not relevant to a promotion or assignment decision.

Nothing in this policy precludes the consideration of performance-related criteria for promotions, selection for field training officer, specialty unit, or higher or bonus pay positions.

5. Utilizing IAPro Software, Employees Will Have Access to Their Current Standing Regarding Performance Mentoring Criteria Thresholds Levels

Employees may obtain a copy of their performance data contained in IAPro by logging into that system, and may obtain their past EIS Review Report(s)/Performance Mentoring Assessment(s) by making a request to their immediate supervisor, commander, or to the Director of Human Resources. Supervisors and commanders are to notify the Director of Human Resources of the request and forward to them a copy of the materials provided.

If an employee believes at any time that Performance Mentoring data is inaccurat e, he or she should immediately notify his or her immediate supervisor or commander. The employee will then provide written notice (e-mail or memo) of his or her request for correction t o the conce rned captain and to the Performance Mentoring Coordinator in Human Resources. (The employee also may re quest his or her sergeant to do t his.) Any p roposed corrections to the data are subject to review by the Performance Review Committee, the employee's captain, and the relevant burea u chief. The Director of Huma n Resources will make the final decision as to w hether to modify Performance Mentoring data.

Corrections shall be docume nted fully in IAPro so that the Department maintains a reliable audit trail regarding data entry and corrections.

6. After Receipt of the Completed Performance Mentoring Assessment, the Section Captain Shall Create a Mentoring Plan for the Employee, if Appropriate

If the section captain deci des a Mentoring Plan is needed, he or she may recommend a specific review period. The re view period sha II continue until the officer's Sergea nt, Lieutenant, and C aptain provide the Performance Review Committee and the concerned Bureau Chief with satisfactory written assurances t hat the office r ha s succe ssfully completed the mentoring plan and his or her current s consistent with t performance i he la wful, hical standards of the professional a nd et Department. I f possib le, Performa nce Ment oring should be achieved in six months or less.

The section captain may als o designate "other" or "no plan nece ssary." Any de cision not to pla ce the officer in Performance Mentoring will be documented, justified, and fully articulated in the narrative portion of t he Assessm ent. T he de cision not to p lace an employee on a M entoring Plan is sub ject to th e approval of the Performance Ment oring Com mittee and the relevant Assistant Chief.

7. Via the Performance Mentoring Coordinator, the Captain Will Forward Their Recommendation of Whether to Put the Employee on a Mentoring Plan to the Performance Review Committee

The committee will review completed Assessments and Mentoring Plans to ensure Dep artment-wide uniformity and consistency with SPD goals.

The committee may reject such Asse ssments and Mentoring Plans if they are inadequate, do not provide for uniformity and consistency in the treatment of similarly-situa ted officers, or otherwise appear inconsistent wi th the goals of the Performance Mentoring Program.

8. The Performance Review Committee Will Monitor the Performance Mentoring Program

The committee will comprise of stakeholders within SPD, to include:

- Chief's designee
- Human Resource s Direct or or designee
- OPA Director

- Representative from the Audit, Policy & Research Section (APRS)
- Representative from the Education & Tr aining S ection (ETS)
- Performance Ment oring Coordinator
- A representative of the City Attorney's Office, if requested by the PMC

The committee shall meet monthly. The committee's responsibility is to ensure Department-wide consistency and uniformity in the implementation of the Performance Mentoring Program. The committee is furt her re sponsible for dete rmining whethe r the performance assessments and proposed Performance Mentoring Plans are adequate to address concern S about any at-risk behavior, de monstrated indicators of stress, or training deficiencies, and to provide the officer with the tools and support necessary to ensure that he or she a dheres to Department policy and the lawful, professional and et hical standards of the Department. The committee will be responsible for reviewing and adjusting, where appropriate, the threshold level s of t he Perf ormance Me ntoring indicator criteria. New indicator criteria will also be considered when and if appropriate. The committee's recommendations for adjusti ng/changing indi cator thresholds will be subject to approval from the C hief of Police.

The Performance Mentorin g Coordi nator will be responsible for sche duling meeting s of the committee.

The Performance Mentoring Coordinator will be responsible for assisting commands with their use of the applicable department computer software, including training of supervisors in its use.

9. The Committee Will Forward the Assessment and Mentoring Plan to the Appropriate Bureau Chief for Final Approval

10. The Performance Mentoring Coordinator Maintains Resources and Supervisor's Toolkit for the Performance Mentoring Program

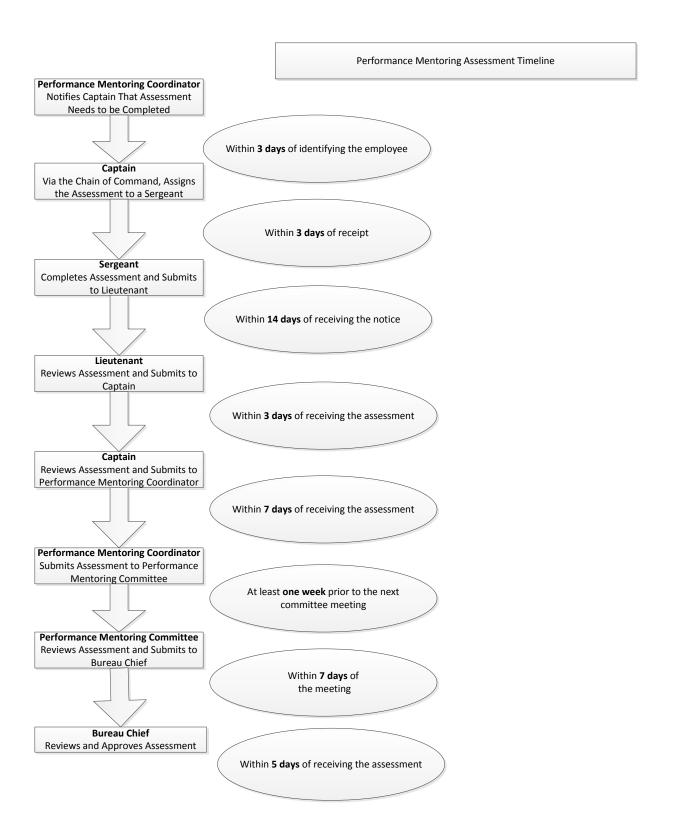
11. The Performance Mentoring Coordinator Monitors Informa tion Related to Certain Precinct-Level Activity

See 3.070-TSK-1 Performance Mentoring Coordinator's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Mentoring Plan.

12. Documentation of Performance Mentoring Threshold Criteria in the Yearly Performance Appraisal Evaluation

Sergeants will document Performance Mentoring threshold indicator activity in the Performance Appraisal System. See Seattle Police Manual Section 2.070-Performance Evaluation. Section Captains shall document sup ervisors' use of t he Performance Mentoring soft ware i n the P erformance Ap praisal System.

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3.070-POL-2 Administration of the Performance Mentoring Program for Officers

1. Threshold Levels Initiate a Performance Mentoring Assessment

When the below criteria thresholds are met, a Performance Mentoring Assessment will be conducted f or the i nvolved employee. These thresholds are subject to revision, given the needs of the Departm ent, after the conside ration of the Performance Review Committee and the approval of the C hief of P olice. The threshold time periods exist on a **rolling basis**.

• E.g., if an offi cer gets in two vehicle p ursuits within any period of six consecutive months, he or she has met the threshold level.

Indicator Criteria		Threshold Levels	
А.	Chain-of-command recommendations	Each will be reviewed	
в.	Use-of-force (Type I)	Reaching the top 1% of officers who have used force investigated at Type I within 6 months	
C.	Use-of-force (Type II and Type III)	Reaching the top 5% of officers who have used force investigated at Type II or Type III within 6 months	

D. Vehicle collisions	2 Department vehicle collisions within 12 months
E. Receipt of OPA complaints	3 complaints within 12 months
F. Receipt of EEO complaints	2 complaints within 12 months
G. Named in police actions claims or lawsuits against the City	2 within 24 months
H. Vehicle pursuits	2 within 6 months
I. Unexcused failure to appear in mandatory training*	1 within 12 months
J. K9 apprehension-bite ratio	More than 15% K-9 apprehension bite ratio in a 12 month period
K. Officer-involved shooting	Single incident threshold

* Mandatory training is defined as firearm s qualifications, Street Skills, and any other training designated as mandatory by the Captain of the Education & Training Section. Officers must complete all mandatory training within the allotted time frame (i.e., Street Skills must be complete annually.) An officer may reschedule Street Skills, firear ms qualifications, etc., as necessary d uring the al lotted time frame. Of ficers on protected leave shall comply with the provisions of their leave, as specified in Title 4 of the Seattle Police Manual (hyperlink). Of ficers may consult Manual Section 9.065 (hyperlink) for inform ation on obtaining a waiver to qualify with their firearm.

Additionally, a Perform ance Mentoring Assessment will be conducted at the aggregate level w hen an employee has a total of five (5) indicators between A – J within six (6) months of the completion of his or her last Mentoring Plan or his or her sworn date.

An employee's sergeant and lieutenant shall m eet with the involved employee and discu ss relevant factors, up to and including a Mentoring Plan.

2. When an Officer Under a Performance Mentoring Plan Has Additional Perform ance Mentori ng Threshold Indicator Acti vity, That Officer 's Lieutenant Will Review Any Further Performance Mentoring Threshold Indicator Activity

If an officer currently the subject of a Performance Mentoring Plan has ad ditional Perform ance Mentoring Program activity, the employee's lieutenant will review the new event and submit to the captain, via the progress rep ort, a writt en re commendation re garding whether the original Mentoring Plan should be revised. Additional entries to the Mentoring Plan due to additional triggers are re viewed by the chain-of command and the Performance Review Committee.

3. Sergeants of Officers Designate d for Performance Mentoring Assessments or Mentoring Plans Shall Coach and Mentor Employees About Issues and Behaviors That Indicate Possible Problematic Behavior

Sergeants shall carry out st rategies to corre ct and modify the behaviors identified by the Performance Mentoring Prog ram. B ased on ea ch circumstance, performance mentoring of em ployees may i nclude, without limitation:

- Regular and consistent conversations with employees about issues and incidents that affect behavior and performance.
- Sergeant ride-alongs with employees
- Sergeant accompaniment of employees on at least four calls/traffic stops/citizen contacts per work week.
- After action debriefs of significant events, arrests or other incidents that are an indicator criteria for the Performance Mentoring Program.
- Review of the employees training history and possible referral to the Education and Training Section for additional training and/or assistance.

• Identifying and supporting positive behaviors.

Debrief Exceptions : Des ignated Type III Use-of- Force incidents, firearms discha rges, a nd a ny ope n OPA complaint cannot be discussed in detail, per labor agreements and Department pol icy. Se rgeants may discuss general issues and best practices with the involved office rs after that off icer has giv en a statement and has been interviewed by OPA.

3.070-TSK-1 Performance Mentoring Coordinator's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Mentoring Plan

The Performance Mentoring Coordinator:

1. **Monitors** information related to certain precinct-level activity:

- Uses of force
- Numbers of individual officers who have triggered Performance Mentoring Assessments
- Frequency of Performance Mentoring Assessments generated by officers assigned to specific supervisors in order to identify supervisors in need of additional

skills and training.

Whether the officer's immediate supervisor has adequately overseen the officer's performance in the past and is doing so currently.

2. Identifies

employee who has met the criteria for a Performance Mentoring Assessment.

3. **Verifies** that the Performance Mentoring threshold criteria record for the identified employee is accurate and not the result of a system or human error. If a there is a question about accuracy, the Performance Mentoring Coordinator will consult with the Human Resources chain of command and the employee's chain of command, to determine whether or not a Performance Mentoring Assessment should proceed.

4. **Notifies,** within three days, the employee's section captain that a Performance Mentoring Assessment needs to be completed.

5. Provides

assistance and acts as a resource to personnel involved in the performance mentoring process.

6. Receives and

reviews the completed Performance Mentoring Assessment from the section captain. Advises the committee of possible inadequacies and issues of nonuniformity.

7. Compiles

Performance Mentoring Assessments from across the Department for the committee.

8. Forwards the

completed Performance Plan, Assessment and Progress Report received from the section captain to the PMC, at least one week prior to the next committee meeting.

9. Sends, if

applicable, the Performance Mentoring Progress Report (PMPR) form to the lieutenant of the affected employee, and continues to send these twice monthly until the Mentoring Plan has been fully implemented and closed.

Upon being advised by a supervisor that he or she would like to conduct a PMA for an officer who has not met a threshold, the Performance Mentoring Coordinator shall create a tracking number and provide it to the supervisor, commander or civilian manager. This initiates the same set of tasks for the officer's chain of command as a PMA that is triggered by the threshold criteria.

3.070-TSK-2 Sergeant's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentoring Plan

Upon notice that one of the employees under his or her supervision has triggered a Performance Mentoring Assessment, or upon deciding to conduct a discretionary assessment, the **sergeant:**

1. Reviews the

Performance Mentoring Program triggering incidents using strategies and resources in the online Performance Mentoring Supervisor's Toolkit, or other resources.

2. Promptly **notifies** the affected employee if he or she has met any performance thresholds and affording the employee an opportunity to identify any errors in the data.

3. Reviews at

minimum the last two performance evaluations in the Performance **Appraisal System** (PAS). Reviews at least the last two performance evaluations in the Performance Appraisal System (PAS), documentation relating to the underlying incident(s) reflected in the PMP indicator, and any additional information that would be relevant to the identified performance issues. Reviews underlying documentation regarding incidents relevant to the assessment.

4. Meets with

employee and offers the employee an opportunity to explain the potentially problematic behaviors.

5. Considers

referrals to the Education & Training Section, the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) and/or Critical Incident Stress Management (CISM.) These alternatives may be part of the Mentoring Plan but are not substitutes for it.

6. **Completes** and **submits**, within 14 days of notice, a Performance Mentoring Assessment through the supervisory chain of command to the section captain, including a recommendation as to whether a Mentoring Plan for the affected employee is appropriate.

7. Develops, in

conjunction with the chain of command, a Mentoring Plan for the affected employee using the checklists provided on the Performance Mentoring Assessment Report.

- If Mentoring Plan is approved, coaches and mentors the affected employee so as to end the potentially problematic behavior and improve performance on a continuing basis.
- Utilizes checklist provided on PMPR to document actions/training taken.

10. **Modifies,** in conjunction with the chain of command, the Mentoring Plan as needed.

11. Submits a

Performance Mentoring Progress Report on a twice monthly basis to their supervisory chain for review and concurrence.

12. Documents in

the Performance Appraisal System (PAS) that this PMPR was done, along with any actions or additional training given to affected employee.

13. Upon

completion of designated Review Period, documents and recommends on PMPR form whether or not affected employee has participated in and made progress in the designated training/coaching.

3.070-TSK-3 Lieutenant's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentoring Plan

Upon notice that one of the employees under his or her command triggers a Performance Mentoring Assessment, or that a sergeant has decided to initiate a discretionary assessment, the **lieutenant**:

1. Reviews the

factors and circumstances that lead to the PMA.

2. **Assigns** the PMA

to the employee's sergeant.

a. If the PMA has been triggered by an aggregate level, **meets** with the employee and sergeant at the same time.

3. Directs that

sergeant to employ such coaching and mentoring strategies as ride-alongs, assigned reading and other options as designated in Manual Section 3.070-POL-2.5.

4. Reviews

Performance Mentoring Assessment developed by sergeant for completeness and appropriateness.

5. Directs

corrections, modifications, and/or additions to the Performance Mentoring Assessment when needed.

6. Recommends

whether or not employee should be assigned to the Performance Mentoring Program via a Mentoring Plan.

7. Develops, if

appropriate, a Mentoring Plan for the affected employee in conjunction with the chain of command, using the checklists provided on the Performance Mentoring Assessment Report.

8. **Submits**, within three days of receipt from the sergeant, the completed Performance Mentoring Assessment to the section captain.

9. Reviews

Performance Mentoring Progress Reports for the employee and **submits** PMPR's to section captain within seven days.

10. Specifies on

PMPR, if at the completion of designated Review Period, whether or not employee should be removed from Performance Mentoring Program. Case 2:12-cv-01282-JLR Document 123 Filed 03/03/14 Page 44 of 52

3.070-TSK-4 Section Captain's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentoring Plan

Upon notice that one of the employees under his or her command triggers a Performance Mentoring Assessment, or

that a sergeant has decided to initiate a discretionary assessment, the **captain:**

1. Assigns

Performance Mentoring Assessment to a lieutenant in the affected employee's chain of command.

2. Reviews PMAs

developed by subordinates for completeness and appropriateness.

3. Determines

whether or not a Mentoring Plan is appropriate based on completed PMA and establishes a Mentoring Plan timeframe.

4. Reviews

assessments for completeness, appropriateness and effectiveness with the goal of reducing problematic behavior and and upholding lawful, professional and ethical standards.

5. Forwards

completed Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentorin g Plan within seven days of receipt to the Director of Human Resources via the Performance Mentoring Coordinator.

6. Implements and

oversees Mentoring Plan, upon approval by bureau chief.

7. Reviews

completed Performance Mentoring Progress Reports forwarded by lieutenant for completeness and appropriateness.

8. Designates, if

appropriate, that the affected employee has completed the designated Mentoring Plan review period and should be removed from the Performance Mentoring Program or; that the Performance Mentoring Plan will be extended for another specified time period.

3.070-TSK-5 Performance Mentoring Committee's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentoring Plan

The Performance Mentoring Committee:

1. **Reviews** certain

precinct-level activity:

- Whether the Lieutenants or Captains or both are adequately holding sergeants accountable for their supervision of officers under their command.
- Whether executives are holding Captains accountable for managing the risk of police misconduct in their units.

2. Reviews each

performance assessment/ment oring plan/progress report against department policy to ensure consistency across department.

3. Determines

whether performance mentoring assessment/ mentoring plan/progress reports meet department's goals of intervening and offering assistance to employees.

4. Forwards,

within seven days of the monthly meeting, performance mentoring assessment/ment oring plan/progress reports with their recommendations to appropriate bureau chief for final approval.

3.070-TSK-6 Bureau Chief's Role in Creating, Implementing and Completing a Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentoring Plan

When one of the employees under his or her supervision triggers a Performance Mentoring Assessment, either by way of a chain-of-command recommendation or by crossing one or more thresholds, the **bureau chief:**

1. **Reviews** initial

recommendations for action developed by affected employee's chain of command and the PMC.

2. Determines

whether performance mentoring Assessment/Ment oring Plan is consistent with SPD policy and the goals of intervening and offering assistance to employees so that they will be able to uphold lawful, professional and ethical standards.

3. Approves,

within five days of receipt, the Performance Mentoring Assessment/Mentori ng Plan, as appropriate.

4. Reviews

completed Mentoring Plan progress reports prepared by subordinates.

5. **Designates** final disposition of Mentoring Plan as **completed** or **directs** additional actions.